

PATENT

CASE 2991/1

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NEW APPLICATION

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

IN RE APPLICATION OF: Charles A. McWherter, Yiqing Feng, and Neena L. Summers

TITLE: NOVEL ERYTHROPOIETIN RECEPTOR AGONISTS

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Washington, D. C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the above-identified patent application which, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.51, comprises:

☒ Abstract and Specification including 22 Claims

☒ An Assignment of the application and a Declaration and Power of Attorney

☐ An Assignment of the application and a Declaration and Power of Attorney to follow under separate cover

☒ Sheets of formal/informal drawings 5.

☒ Post Card

☐ Prior Art Statement (37 CFR 1.97)

☐ Preliminary Amendment

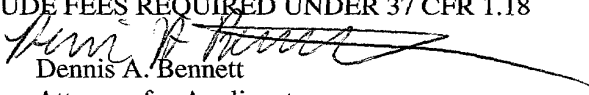
☒ A **triplicate** copy of this transmittal paper is enclosed.

☒ The present application claims priority under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of United States Provisional application Serial No. 60/034,044, filed October 25, 1996.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized and requested to charge any fees* in addition to the above as well as all future fees set forth in 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 which may be required during the entire pendency of this Application, and credit any overcharges to Deposit Account No. 19-1025.

NOTE: THIS AUTHORIZATION DOES NOT INCLUDE FEES REQUIRED UNDER 37 CFR 1.18

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* Calculated as follows:

Basic Fee	\$790.00
Total Claims in Excess of 20 X \$22 (42 X \$22)	924.00
Independent Claims in Excess of 3 X \$82 (0)	0
Surcharge for each Multiple Dependent Claim (\$270)	270.00
FILING FEE	<u>\$1984.00</u>
ASSIGNMENT RECORDING FEE	<u>\$40.00</u>

NOVEL ERYTHROPOIETIN RECEPTOR AGONISTS

The present application claims priority under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of United States Provisional application Serial No. 60/034,044, filed October 25, 1996.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to human Erythropoietin (EPO) receptor agonists. These EPO receptor agonists retain one or more activities of native EPO and may also show improved hematopoietic cell-stimulating activity and/or an improved activity profile which may include reduction of undesirable biological activities associated with native EPO and/or have improved physical properties which may include increased solubility, stability and refold efficiency.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Colony stimulating factors which stimulate the differentiation and/or proliferation of bone marrow cells have generated much interest because of their therapeutic potential for restoring depressed levels of hematopoietic stem cell-derived cells.

Erythropoietin is a naturally-occurring glycoprotein hormone with a molecular weight that was first reported to be approximately 39,000 daltons (T. Miyaki *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **252**:5558-5564 (1977)). The mature hormone is 166 amino acids long and the "prepro" form of the hormone, with its leader peptide, is 193 amino acids long (F. Lin, U.S. Patent No. 4,703,008). The mature hormone has a molecular weight, calculated from its amino acid sequence, of 18,399 daltons (K. Jacobs *et al.*, *Nature* **313**:806-810 (1985); J. K. Browne *et al.*, *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.* **5**:1693-702 (1986)).

The first mutant erythropoietins (i.e., erythropoietin analogs), prepared by making amino acid substitutions and deletions, have demonstrated reduced or unimproved activity. As described in U.S. Patent NO. 4,703,008, replacement of the tyrosine residues at positions 15, 40 and 145 with phenylalanine residues, replacement of the cysteine residue at position 7 with an histidine, substitution of the proline at position 2 with an asparagine, deletion of residues 2-6, deletion of residues 163-166, and deletion of residues 27-55 does not result in an apparent increase in biological activity. The Cys⁷-to-His⁷ mutation eliminates biological activity. A series of mutant erythropoietins with a single amino acid substitution at asparagine residues 24, 38 or 83 show severely reduced activity (substitution at position 24) or exhibit rapid intracellular degradation and apparent lack of secretion (substitution at residue 38 or 183). Elimination of the O-linked glycosylation site at serine126 results in rapid degradation or lack of secretion of the erythropoietin analog (S. Dube *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* **33**:17516-17521 (1988). These authors conclude that glycosylation sites at residues 38, 83 and 126 are required for proper secretion and that glycosylation sites located at residues 24 and 38 may be involved in the biological activity of mature erythropoietin.

Deglycosylated erythropoietin is fully active in *in vitro* bioassays (M. S. Dorsdal *et al.*, *Endocrinology* **116**:2293-2299 (1985); U.S. Patent No. 4,703,008; E. Tsuda *et al.*, *Eur J. Biochem.* **266**:20434-20439 (1991). However, glycosylation of erythropoietin is widely accepted to play a critical role in the *in vivo* activity of the hormone (P. H.. Lowy *et al.*, *Nature* **185**:102-105 (1960); E. Goldwasser and C. K. H.. Kung, *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Science* **149**:49-53 (1968); W. A. Lukowsky and R.

H.. Painter, *Can. J. Biochem.* :909-917 (1972); D.W. Briggs et al., *Amer. J. Phys.* **201**:1385-1388 (1974); J.C. Schooley, *Exp. Hematol.* **13**:994-998; N. Imai et al., *Eur. J. Biochem.* **194**:457-462 (1990); M.S. Dordal et al.,
5 *Endocrinology* **116**:2293-2299 (1985); E. Tsuda et al.,
Eur. J. Biochem. **188**:405-411 (1990); U.S. Patent No. 4,703,008; J.K. Brown et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symposia on Quant. Biol.* 51:693-702 (1986); and K. Yamaguchi et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* **266**:20434-20439 (1991).
10 The lack if *in vivo* biological activity of deglycosylated analogs of erythropoietin is attributed to a rapid clearance of the deglycosylated hormone from the circulation of treated animals. This view is supported by direct comparison of the plasma half-life
15 of glycosylated and deglycosylated erythropoietin (J.C. Spivak and B.B. Hoyans, *Blood* **73**:90-99 (1989), and M.N. Fukuda, et al., *Blood* **73**:84-89 (1989).

Oligonucleotide-directed mutagenesis of
20 erythropoietin glycosylation sites has effectively probed the function of glycosylation but has failed, as yet, to provide insight into an effective strategy for significantly improving the characteristics of the hormone for therapeutic applications.

25 A series of single amino acid substitution or deletion mutants have been constructed, involving amino acid residues 15, 24, 49, 76, 78, 83, 143, 145, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165 and 166. In these mutants are altered
30 the carboxy terminus, the glycosylation sites, and the tyrosine residues of erythropoietin. The mutants have been administered to animals while monitoring hemoglobin, hematocrit and reticulocyte levels (EP No. 0 409 113). While many of these mutants retain *in vivo*
35 biological activity, none show a significant increase in their ability to raise hemoglobin, hematocrit or

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reticulocyte (the immediate precursor of an erythrocyte) levels when compared to native erythropoietin.

Another set of mutants has been constructed to
5 probe the function of residues 99-119 (domain 1) and
residues 111-129 (domain 2) (Y. Chern *et al.*, *Eur. J.*
Biochem. **202**:225-230 (1991)). The domain 1 mutants are
rapidly degraded and inactive in an *in vitro* bioassay
while the domain 2 mutants, at best, retain *in vitro*
10 activity. These mutants also show no enhanced *in vivo*
biological activity as compared to wild-type, human
erythropoietin. These authors conclude that residues 99-
119 play a critical role in the structure of
erythropoietin.

15

The human erythropoietin molecule contains two
disulfide bridges, one linking the cysteine residues at
positions 7 and 161, and a second connecting cysteines
at positions 29 and 33 (P.H. Lai *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.*
20 **261**:3116-3121 (1986)). Oligonucleotide-directed
mutagenesis has been used to probe the function of the
disulfide bridge linking cysteines 29 and 33 in human
erythropoietin. The cysteine at position 33 has been
converted to a proline residue, which, mimics the
25 structure of murine erythropoietin at this residue. The
resulting mutant has greatly reduced *in vitro* activity.
The loss of activity is so severe that the authors
conclude that the disulfide bridge between residues 29
and 33 is essential for erythropoietin function (F.K.
30 Lin, *Molecular and Cellular Aspects of Erythropoietin*
and Erythropoiesis, pp. 23-36, ed. I.N. Rich, Springer-
Verlag, Berlin (1987)).

U.S. Patent No. 4,703,008 by Lin, F-K. (hereinafter
35 referred to as "the '008 patent") speculates about a
wide variety of modifications of EPO, including
addition, deletion, and substitution analogs of EPO.

The '008 patent does not indicate that any of the suggested modifications would increase biological activity *per se*, although it is stated that deletion of glycosylation sites might increase the activity of EPO produced in yeast (See the '008 patent at column 37, lines 25-28). Also, the '008 patent speculates that EPO analogs which have one or more tyrosine residues replaced with phenylalanine may exhibit an increased or decreased receptor binding affinity.

Australian Patent Application No. AU-A-59145/90 by Fibi, M *et al.* also discusses a number of modified EPO proteins (EPO muteins). It is generally speculated that the alteration of amino acids 10-55, 70-85, and 130-166 of EPO. In particular, additions of positively charged basic amino acids in the carboxyl terminal region are purported to increase the biological activity of EPO.

U.S. Patent No. 4,835,260 by Shoemaker, C.B. discusses modified EPO proteins with amino acid substitutions of the methionine at position 54 and asparagine at position 38. Such EPO muteins are thought to have improved stability but are not proposed to exhibit any increase in biological activity relative to wild type EPO.

WO 91/05867 discloses analogs of human erythropoietin having a greater number of sites for carbohydrate attachment than human erythropoietin, such as EPO (Asn⁶⁹), EPO (Asn¹²⁵, Ser¹²⁷), EPO (Thr¹²⁵), and EPO (Pro¹²⁴, Thr¹²⁵).

WO 94 /24160 discloses erythropoietin muteins which have enhanced activity, specifically amino acid substitutions at positions 20, 49, 73, 140, 143, 146, 147 and 154.

WO 94/25055 discloses erythropoietin analogs, including EPO (X³³, Cys¹³⁹, des-Arg¹⁶⁶) and EPO (Cys¹³⁹, des-Arg¹⁶⁶).

5

Rearrangement of Protein Sequences

In evolution, rearrangements of DNA sequences serve an important role in generating a diversity of protein structure and function. Gene duplication and exon shuffling provide an important mechanism to rapidly generate diversity and thereby provide organisms with a competitive advantage, especially since the basal mutation rate is low (Doolittle, *Protein Science* **1**:191-200, 1992).

The development of recombinant DNA methods has made it possible to study the effects of sequence transposition on protein folding, structure and function. The approach used in creating new sequences resembles that of naturally occurring pairs of proteins that are related by linear reorganization of their amino acid sequences (Cunningham, et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **76**:3218-3222, 1979; Teather & Erfle, *J. Bacteriol.* **172**: 3837-3841, 1990; Schimming et al., *Eur. J. Biochem.* **204**: 13-19, 1992; Yamiuchi and Minamikawa, *FEBS Lett.* **260**:127-130, 1991; MacGregor et al., *FEBS Lett.* **378**:263-266, 1996). The first in vitro application of this type of rearrangement to proteins was described by Goldenberg and Creighton (*J. Mol. Biol.* **165**:407-413, 1983). A new N-terminus is selected at an internal site (breakpoint) of the original sequence, the new sequence having the same order of amino acids as the original from the breakpoint until it reaches an amino acid that is at or near the original C-terminus. At this point the new sequence is joined, either directly or through an additional portion of sequence (linker), to an amino acid that is at or near the original N-

terminus, and the new sequence continues with the same sequence as the original until it reaches a point that is at or near the amino acid that was N-terminal to the breakpoint site of the original sequence, this residue
 5 forming the new C-terminus of the chain.

This approach has been applied to proteins which range in size from 58 to 462 amino acids (Goldenberg & Creighton, *J. Mol. Biol.* **165**:407-413, 1983; Li & Coffino, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* **13**:2377-2383, 1993). The
 10 proteins examined have represented a broad range of structural classes, including proteins that contain predominantly α -helix (interleukin-4; Kreitman et al., *Cytokine* **7**:311-318, 1995), β -sheet (interleukin-1; Horlick et al., *Protein Eng.* **5**:427-431, 1992), or
 15 mixtures of the two (yeast phosphoribosyl anthranilate isomerase; Luger et al., *Science* **243**:206-210, 1989). Broad categories of protein function are represented in these sequence reorganization studies:

20 **Enzymes**

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| T4 lysozyme | Zhang et al., <i>Biochemistry</i> 32 :12311-12318 (1993); Zhang et al., <i>Nature Struct. Biol.</i> 1 :434-438 (1995) |
| dihydrofolate reductase | Buchwalder et al., <i>Biochemistry</i> 31 :1621-1630 (1994); Protasova et al., <i>Prot. Eng.</i> 7 :1373-1377 (1995) |
| ribonuclease T1 | Mullins et al., <i>J. Am. Chem. Soc.</i> 116 :5529-5533 (1994); Garrett et al., <i>Protein Science</i> 5 :204-211 (1996) |
| <i>Bacillus</i> β -glucanase | Hahn et al., <i>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.</i> 91 :10417-10421 (1994) |

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- aspartate Yang & Schachman, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **90**:11980-11984 (1993)
- transcarbamoylase
- phosphoribosyl Luger et al., *Science* **243**:206-210
- 5 anthranilate (1989); Luger et al., *Prot. Eng.*
- isomerase **3**:249-258 (1990)
- pepsin/pepsinogen Lin et al., *Protein Science* **4**:159-
- 10 166 (1995)
- glyceraldehyde-3- Vignais et al., *Protein Science*
- phosphate dehydro- **4**:994-1000 (1995)
- genase
- 15 ornithine Li & Coffino, *Mol. Cell. Biol.*
- decarboxylase **13**:2377-2383 (1993)
- yeast Ritco-Vonsovici et al., *Biochemistry*
- phosphoglycerate **34**:16543-16551 (1995)
- 20 dehydrogenase

Enzyme Inhibitor

- basic pancreatic Goldenberg & Creighton, *J. Mol.*
- 25 trypsin inhibitor *Biol.* **165**:407-413 (1983)

Cytokines

- interleukin-1 β Horlick et al., *Protein Eng.* **5**:427-
- 30 431 (1992)
- interleukin-4 Kreitman et al., *Cytokine* **7**:311-
- 318 (1995)

- 35 **Tyrosine Kinase**
- Recognition Domain**

α -spectrin SH3 domain Viguera, et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* **247**:670-681 (1995)

Transmembrane

5 **Protein**

omp A Koebnik & Krämer, *J. Mol. Biol.* **250**:617-626 (1995)

10 **Chimeric Protein**

interleukin-4-*Pseudomonas* exotoxin fusion molecule Kreitman et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **91**:6889-6893 (1994).

15 The results of these studies have been highly variable. In many cases substantially lower activity, solubility or thermodynamic stability were observed (*E. coli* dihydrofolate reductase, aspartate transcarbamoylase, phosphoribosyl anthranilate isomerase, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, ornithine decarboxylase, omp A, yeast phosphoglycerate dehydrogenase). In other cases, the sequence rearranged protein appeared to have many nearly identical properties as its natural counterpart (basic pancreatic trypsin inhibitor, T4 lysozyme, ribonuclease T1, *Bacillus* β -glucanase, interleukin-1 β , α -spectrin SH3 domain, pepsinogen, interleukin-4). In exceptional cases, an unexpected improvement over some properties of the natural sequence was observed, e.g., the solubility and refolding rate for rearranged α -spectrin SH3 domain sequences, and the receptor affinity and anti-tumor activity of transposed interleukin-4-*Pseudomonas* exotoxin fusion molecule (Kreitman et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **91**:6889-6893, 1994; Kreitman et al., *Cancer Res.* **55**:3357-3363, 1995).

 The primary motivation for these types of studies has been to study the role of short-range and long-range

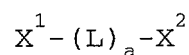
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interactions in protein folding and stability. Sequence rearrangements of this type convert a subset of interactions that are long-range in the original sequence into short-range interactions in the new sequence, and vice versa. The fact that many of these sequence rearrangements are able to attain a conformation with at least some activity is persuasive evidence that protein folding occurs by multiple folding pathways (Viguera, et al., *J. Mol. Biol.* **247**:670-681, 1995). In the case of the SH3 domain of α -spectrin, choosing new termini at locations that corresponded to β -hairpin turns resulted in proteins with slightly less stability, but which were nevertheless able to fold.

The positions of the internal breakpoints used in the studies cited here are found exclusively on the surface of proteins, and are distributed throughout the linear sequence without any obvious bias towards the ends or the middle (the variation in the relative distance from the original N-terminus to the breakpoint is ca. 10 to 80% of the total sequence length). The linkers connecting the original N- and C-termini in these studies have ranged from 0 to 9 residues. In one case (Yang & Schachman, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* **90**:11980-11984, 1993), a portion of sequence has been deleted from the original C-terminal segment, and the connection made from the truncated C-terminus to the original N-terminus. Flexible hydrophilic residues such as Gly and Ser are frequently used in the linkers. Viguera, et al. (*J. Mol. Biol.* **247**:670-681, 1995) compared joining the original N- and C-termini with 3- or 4-residue linkers; the 3-residue linker was less thermodynamically stable. Protasova et al. (*Protein Eng.* **7**:1373-1377, 1994) used 3- or 5-residue linkers in connecting the original N-termini of *E. coli* dihydrofolate reductase; only the 3-residue linker produced protein in good yield.

Summary of the Invention

The modified human EPO receptor agonists of the
 5 present invention can be represented by the Formula:



wherein;

- 10 a is 0 or 1;
 X^1 is a peptide comprising an amino acid
 sequence corresponding to the sequence of residues n+1
 through J;
 X^2 is a peptide comprising an amino acid
 15 sequence corresponding to the sequence of residues 1
 through n;
 n is an integer ranging from 1 to J-1; and
 L is a linker.

- 20 In the formula above the constituent amino acids
 residues of human EPO are numbered sequentially 1
 through J from the amino to the carboxyl terminus. A
 pair of adjacent amino acids within this protein may be
 numbered n and n+1 respectively where n is an integer
 25 ranging from 1 to J-1. The residue n+1 becomes the new
 N-terminus of the new EPO receptor agonist and the
 residue n becomes the new C-terminus of the new EPO
 receptor agonist.

- 30 The present invention relates to novel EPO receptor
 agonists polypeptides comprising a modified EPO amino
 acid sequence of the following formula:

- 35 AlaProProArgLeuIleCysAspSerArgValLeuGluArgTyrLeuLeuGluAlaLys
 10 20
 GluAlaGluAsnIleThrThrGlyCysAlaGluHisCysSerLeuAsnGluAsnIleThr
 30 40
 40 ValProAspThrLysValAsnPheTyrAlaTrpLysArgMetGluValGlyGlnGlnAla

50 60
 ValGluValTrpGlnGlyLeuAlaLeuSerGluAlaValLeuArgGlyGlnAlaLeu
 70 80
 5 LeuValAsnSerSerGlnProTrpGluProLeuGlnLeuHisValAspLysAlaValSer
 90 100
 10 GlyLeuArgSerLeuThrThrLeuLeuArgAlaLeuGlyAlaGlnLysGluAlaIleSer
 110 120
 ProProAspAlaAlaSerAlaAlaProLeuArgThrIleThrAlaAspThrPheArgLys
 130 140
 15 LeuPheArgValTyrSerAsnPheLeuArgGlyLysLeuLysLeuTyrThrGlyGluAla
 150 160
 CysArgThrGlyAspArg
 166

20

wherein optionally 1-6 amino acids from the N-terminus and 1-5 from the C-terminus can be deleted from said EPO receptor agonists polypeptide;

25

wherein the N-terminus is joined to the C-terminus directly or through a linker capable of joining the N-terminus to the C-terminus and having new C- and N-termini at amino acids;

23-24	48-49	111-112
24-25	50-51	112-113
25-26	51-52	113-114
26-27	52-53	114-115
27-28	53-54	115-116
28-29	54-55	116-117
29-30	55-56	117-118
30-31	56-57	118-119
31-32	57-58	119-120
32-33	77-78	120-121
33-34	78-79	121-122
34-35	79-80	122-123
35-36	80-81	123-124
36-37	81-82	124-125
37-38	82-83	125-126
38-39	84-85	126-127
40-41	85-86	127-128
41-42	86-87	128-129
43-44	87-88	129-130
44-45	88-89	131-132
45-46	108-109	respectively; and
46-47	109-110	
47-48	110-111	

said EPO receptor agonist polypeptide may optionally be immediately preceded by (methionine⁻¹), (alanine⁻¹) or (methionine⁻², alanine⁻¹).

5

The more preferred breakpoints at which new C-terminus and N-terminus can be made are; 23-24, 24-25, 25-26, 27-28, 28-29, 29-30, 30-31, 31-32, 32-33, 33-34, 34-35, 35-36, 36-37, 37-38, 38-39, 40-41, 41-42, 42-43, 10 52-53, 53-54, 54-55, 55-56, 77-78, 78-79, 79-80, 80-81, 81-82, 82-83, 83-84, 84-85, 85-86, 86-87, 87-88, 88-89, 109-110, 110-111, 111-112, 112-113, 113-114, 114-115, 115-116, 116-117, 117-118, 118-119, 119-120, 120-121, 121-122, 122-123, 123-124, 124-125, 125-126, 126-127, 15 127-128, 128-129, 129-130, 130-131, and 131-132.

The most preferred breakpoints at which new C-terminus and N-terminus can be made are; 23-24, 24-25, 31-32, 32-33, 37-38, 38-39, 82-83, 83-84, 85-86, 86-87, 20 87-88, 125-126, 126-127, and 131-132.

The most preferred breakpoints include glycosylation sites, non-neutralizing antibodies, proteolyte cleavage sites.

25

The EPO receptor agonists of the present invention may contain amino acid substitutions, such as those disclosed in WO 94/24160 or one or more of the glycosylation sites at Asn²⁴, Asn⁸³, and Asn¹²⁶ are 30 changed to other amino acids such as but not limited to Asp or Glu, deletions and/or insertions. It is also intended that the EPO receptor agonists of the present invention may also have amino acid deletions at either/or both the N- and C- termini of the original 35 protein and or deletions from the new N- and/or C-termini of the sequence rearranged proteins in the formulas shown above.

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A preferred embodiment of the present invention the linker (L) joining the N-terminus to the C-terminus is a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:

- GlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:123;
5 GlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:124;
GlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:
125;
SerGlyGlySerGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:126;
GluPheGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:127;
10 GluPheGlyGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:128;
GluPheGlyGlyAsnGlyGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:129; and
GlyGlySerAspMetAlaGly SEQ ID NO:130.

- The present invention also encompasses recombinant
15 human EPO receptor agonists co-administered or
sequentially with one or more additional colony
stimulating factors (CSF) including, cytokines,
lymphokines, interleukins, hematopoietic growth factors
which include but are not limited to GM-CSF, G-CSF, c-
20 mpl ligand (also known as TPO or MGDF), M-CSF, IL-1, IL-
4, IL-2, IL-3, IL-5, IL 6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-
11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, LIF, human growth hormone, B-
cell growth factor, B-cell differentiation factor,
eosinophil differentiation factor and stem cell factor
25 (SCF) also known as steel factor or c-kit ligand (herein
collectively referred to as "factors"). These co-
administered mixtures may be characterized by having the
usual activity of both of the peptides or the mixture
may be further characterized by having a biological or
30 physiological activity greater than simply the additive
function of the presence of the EPO receptor agonists or
the second colony stimulating factor alone. The co-
administration may also provide an enhanced effect on
the activity or an activity different from that expected
35 by the presence of the EPO or the second colony
stimulating factor. The co-administration may also have
an improved activity profile which may include reduction

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of undesirable biological activities associated with native human EPO. In addition to the list above, IL-3 variants taught in WO 94/12639 and WO 94/12638 fusion protein taught in WO 95/21197, and WO 95/21254 G-CSF receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12977, c-mpl receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12978, IL-3 receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12979 and multi-functional receptor agonists taught in WO 97/12985 can be co-administered with the polypeptides of the present invention. As used herein "IL-3 variants" refer to IL-3 variants taught in WO 94/12639 and WO 94/12638. As used herein "fusion proteins" refer to fusion protein taught in WO 95/21197, and WO 95/21254. As used herein "G-CSF receptor agonists" refer to G-CSF receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12978. As used herein "c-mpl receptor agonists" refer to c-mpl receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12978. As used herein "IL-3 receptor agonists" refer to IL-3 receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12979. As used herein "multi-functional receptor agonists" refer to multi-functional receptor agonists taught in WO 97/12985.

In addition, it is envisioned that in vitro uses would include the ability to stimulate bone marrow and blood cell activation and growth before the expanded cells are infused into patients

It is also envisioned that uses of EPO receptor agonists of the present invention would include blood banking applications, where the EPO receptor agonists are given to a patient to increase the number of red blood cells and blood products removed from the patient, prior to some medical procedure, and the blood products stored and transfused back into the patient after the medical procedure. Additionally, it is envisioned that uses of EPO receptor agonists would include giving the EPO receptor agonists to a blood donor prior to blood

donation to increase the number of red blood cells,
thereby allowing the donor to safely give more blood.

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Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 schematically illustrates the sequence rearrangement of a protein. The N-terminus (N) and the C-terminus (C) of the native protein are joined through a linker, or joined directly. The protein is opened at a breakpoint creating a new N-terminus (new N) and a new C-terminus (new-C) resulting in a protein with a new linear amino acid sequence. A rearranged molecule may be synthesized *de novo* as linear molecule and not go through the steps of joining the original N-terminus and the C-terminus and opening of the protein at the breakpoint.

Figure 2 shows a schematic of Method I, for creating new proteins in which the original N-terminus and C-terminus of the native protein are joined with a linker and different N-terminus and C-terminus of the protein are created. In the example shown the sequence rearrangement results in a new gene encoding a protein with a new N-terminus created at amino acid 97 of the original protein, the original C-terminus (a.a. 174) joined to the amino acid 11 (a.a. 1- 10 are deleted) through a linker region and a new C-terminus created at amino acid 96 of the original sequence.

Figure 3 shows a schematic of Method II, for creating new proteins in which the original N-terminus and C-terminus of the native protein are joined without a linker and different N-terminus and C-terminus of the protein are created. In the example shown the sequence rearrangement results in a new gene encoding a protein with a new N-terminus created at amino acid 97 of the original protein, the original C-terminus (a.a. 174) joined to the original N-terminus and a new C-terminus created at amino acid 96 of the original sequence.

Figure 4 shows a schematic of Method III, for creating new proteins in which the original N-terminus and C-terminus of the native protein are joined with a linker and different N-terminus and C-terminus of the protein are created. In the example shown the sequence rearrangement results in a new gene encoding a protein with a new N-terminus created at amino acid 97 of the original protein, the original C-terminus (a.a. 174) joined to amino acid 1 through a linker region and a new C-terminus created at amino acid 96 of the original sequence.

Figure 5 shows a DNA sequence encoding human mature EPO based on the sequence of Lin et al. (*PNAS* **82**:7580-7584, 1985).

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Detailed Description of the Invention

Receptor agonists of the present invention may be useful in the treatment of diseases characterized by
5 decreased levels of red blood cells of the hematopoietic system.

A EPO receptor agonist may be useful in the treatment or prevention of anemia. Many drugs may cause bone marrow suppression or hematopoietic deficiencies.
10 Examples of such drugs are AZT, DDI, alkylating agents and anti-metabolites used in chemotherapy, antibiotics such as chloramphenicol, penicillin, gancyclovir, daunomycin and sulfa drugs, phenothiazones, tranquilizers such as meprobamate, analgesics such as
15 aminopyrine and dipyrrone, anti-convulsants such as phenytoin or carbamazepine, antithyroids such as propylthiouracil and methimazole and diuretics. EPO receptor agonists may be useful in preventing or treating the bone marrow suppression or hematopoietic
20 deficiencies which often occur in patients treated with these drugs.

Hematopoietic deficiencies may also occur as a result of viral, microbial or parasitic infections and as a result of treatment for renal disease or renal
25 failure, e.g., dialysis. The present peptide may be useful in treating such hematopoietic deficiency.

Another aspect of the present invention provides plasmid DNA vectors for use in the method of expression of these novel EPO receptor agonists. These vectors
30 contain the novel DNA sequences described above which code for the novel polypeptides of the invention. Appropriate vectors which can transform host cells capable of expressing the EPO receptor agonists include expression vectors comprising nucleotide sequences
35 coding for the EPO receptor agonists joined to transcriptional and translational regulatory sequences which are selected according to the host cells used.

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Vectors incorporating modified sequences as described above are included in the present invention and are useful in the production of the modified EPO receptor agonist polypeptides. The vector employed in the method
5 also contains selected regulatory sequences in operative association with the DNA coding sequences of the invention and capable of directing the replication and expression thereof in selected host cells.

As another aspect of the present invention, there
10 is provided a method for producing the novel family of human EPO receptor agonists. The method of the present invention involves culturing suitable cells or cell line, which has been transformed with a vector containing a DNA sequence coding for expression of the
15 novel EPO receptor agonist polypeptide. Suitable cells or cell lines may include various strains of bacteria such as *E. coli*, yeast, mammalian cells, or insect cells may be utilized as host cells in the method of the present invention.

20

Other aspects of the present invention are methods and therapeutic compositions for treating the conditions referred to above. Such compositions comprise a therapeutically effective amount of one or more of the
25 EPO receptor agonists of the present invention in a mixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. This composition can be administered either parenterally, intravenously or subcutaneously. When administered, the therapeutic composition for use in
30 this invention is preferably in the form of a pyrogen-free, parenterally acceptable aqueous solution. The preparation of such a parenterally acceptable protein solution, having due regard to pH, isotonicity, stability and the like, is within the skill of the art.

35

Administration will be in accordance with a dosage regimen that will be readily ascertained by the skilled,

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based on *in vivo* specific activity of the analog in comparison with human erythropoietin and based on what is now known in the art concerning the administration of human erythropoietin for inducing erythropoiesis and

5 treating various conditions, such as anemia, in humans, including anemia in patients suffering from renal failure. Dosage of an analog of the invention may vary somewhat from individual to individual, depending on the particular analog and its specific *in vivo* activity,

10 the route of administration, the medical condition, age, weight or sex of the patient, the patient's sensitivities to the analog or components of vehicle, and other factors which the attending physician will be capable of readily taking into account. With regard to

15 therapeutic uses of analogs of the invention, reference is made to U.S. Patent Nos. 4,703,008 and 4,835,260; see also the chapter on (recombinant) [des-Arg¹⁶⁶]human erythropoietin at pages 591-595 of the Physicians' Desk Commercially available preparations of recombinant [des-

20 Arg¹⁶⁶] human erythropoietin have 2,000, 3,000, 4,000 or 10,000 units of the glycohormone per mL in preservative-free aqueous solution with 2.5 mg/mL human serum albumin, 5.8 mg/mL sodium citrate, 5.8 mg/mL NaCl, and 0.06 mg/mL citric acid, pH 6.9 (+/-0.3).

25

Recombinantly produced EPO has proven especially useful for the treatment of patients suffering from impaired red blood cell production (Physicians Desk Reference (PDR). 1993 edition, pp 602-605). Recombinant

30 EPO has proven effective in treating anemia associated with chronic renal failure and HIV-Infected individuals suffering from lowered endogenous EPO levels related to therapy with Zidovudine (AZT) (See PDR, 1993 edition, at page 6002).

35

Modifications of the EPO protein which would improve its utility as a tool for diagnosis or treatment

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of blood disorders are certainly desirable. In particular, modified forms of EPO exhibiting enhanced biological activity would be more effective and efficient than native EPO in the therapy setting when it is necessary to administer EPO to the patient, enabling administration less frequently and/or at a lower dose. Administration of reduced amounts of EPO would also presumably reduce the risk of adverse effects associated with EPO treatment, such as hypertension, seizures, headaches, etc. (See PDR, 1993 edition, at pp. 603-604). The EPO receptor agonists of the present invention may also have improved stability and hence increased half-life which would allow for the production of a non-glycosylated form of EPO in a bacterial expression system at a much lower cost. Due to its increased half-life this non-glycosylated form of EPO would have an increased in vivo activity compared to de-glycosylated EPO.

The therapeutic method and compositions may also include co-administration with other hematopoietic factors. A non-exclusive list of other appropriate hematopoietins, colony stimulating factors (CSFs) and interleukins for simultaneous or serial co-administration with the polypeptides of the present invention includes GM-CSF, G-CSF, c-mpl ligand (also known as TPO or MGDF), M-CSF, IL-1, IL-4, IL-2, IL-3, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, LIF, human growth hormone, B-cell growth factor, B-cell differentiation factor, eosinophil differentiation factor and stem cell factor (SCF) also known as steel factor or c-kit ligand (herein collectively referred to as "factors"), or combinations thereof. In addition to the list above, IL-3 variants taught in WO 94/12639 and WO 94/12638 fusion protein taught in WO 95/21197, and WO 95/21254 G-CSF receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12977, c-mpl receptor agonists disclosed in WO 97/12978, IL-3 receptor

agonists disclosed in WO 97/12979 and multi-functional receptor agonists taught in WO 97/12985 can be co-administered with the polypeptides of the present invention.

5

The EPO receptor agonists of the present invention may be useful in the mobilization of hematopoietic progenitors and stem cells in peripheral blood. Peripheral blood derived progenitors have been shown to
10 be effective in reconstituting patients in the setting of autologous marrow transplantation.

The EPO receptor agonists of the present invention may also be useful in the ex vivo expansion of
15 hematopoietic progenitors. Colony stimulating factors (CSFs), such as G-CSF, have been administered alone, co-administered with other CSFs, or in combination with bone marrow transplants subsequent to high dose chemotherapy to treat the anemia, neutropenia and
20 thrombocytopenia which are often the result of such treatment.

Another aspect of the invention provides methods of sustaining and/or expanding hematopoietic precursor cells which includes inoculating the cells into a
25 culture vessel which contains a culture medium that has been conditioned by exposure to a stromal cell line such as HS-5 (WO 96/02662, Roecklein and Torok-Strob, *Blood* **85**:997-1105, 1995) that has been supplemented with a EPO receptor agonist of the present invention.

30

Determination of the Linker

35 The length of the amino acid sequence of the linker can be selected empirically or with guidance from structural information, or by using a combination of the two approaches.

When no structural information is available, a small series of linkers can be prepared for testing using a design whose length is varied in order to span a range from 0 to 50 Å and whose sequence is chosen in order to be consistent with surface exposure (hydrophilicity, Hopp & Woods, *Mol. Immunol.* **20**: 483-489, 1983; Kyte & Doolittle, *J. Mol. Biol.* **157**:105-132, 1982; solvent exposed surface area, Lee & Richards, *J. Mol. Biol.* **55**:379-400, 1971) and the ability to adopt the necessary conformation without deranging the configuration of the EPO receptor agonist (conformationally flexible; Karplus & Schulz, *Naturwissenschaften* **72**:212-213, (1985). Assuming an average of translation of 2.0 to 3.8 Å per residue, this would mean the length to test would be between 0 to 30 residues, with 0 to 15 residues being the preferred range. Exemplary of such an empirical series would be to construct linkers using a cassette sequence such as Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser repeated n times, where n is 1, 2, 3 or 4. Those skilled in the art will recognize that there are many such sequences that vary in length or composition that can serve as linkers with the primary consideration being that they be neither excessively long nor short (cf., Sandhu, *Critical Rev. Biotech.* **12**: 437-462, 1992); if they are too long, entropy effects will likely destabilize the three-dimensional fold, and may also make folding kinetically impractical, and if they are too short, they will likely destabilize the molecule because of torsional or steric strain.

30

Those skilled in the analysis of protein structural information will recognize that using the distance between the chain ends, defined as the distance between the c-alpha carbons, can be used to define the length of the sequence to be used, or at least to limit the number of possibilities that must be tested in an empirical selection of linkers. They will also recognize that it

35

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is sometimes the case that the positions of the ends of the polypeptide chain are ill-defined in structural models derived from x-ray diffraction or nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy data, and that when
5 true, this situation will therefore need to be taken into account in order to properly estimate the length of the linker required. From those residues whose positions are well defined are selected two residues that are close in sequence to the chain ends, and the
10 distance between their c-alpha carbons is used to calculate an approximate length for a linker between them. Using the calculated length as a guide, linkers with a range of number of residues (calculated using 2 to 3.8Å per residue) are then selected. These linkers
15 may be composed of the original sequence, shortened or lengthened as necessary, and when lengthened the additional residues may be chosen to be flexible and hydrophilic as described above; or optionally the original sequence may be substituted for using a series
20 of linkers, one example being the "Gly-Gly-Gly-Ser" cassette approach mentioned above; or optionally a combination of the original sequence and new sequence having the appropriate total length may be used.

25

Determination of the Amino and Carboxyl Termini of EPO Receptor Agonists

Sequences of EPO receptor agonists capable of
30 folding to biologically active states can be prepared by appropriate selection of the beginning (amino terminus) and ending (carboxyl terminus) positions from within the original polypeptide chain while using the linker sequence as described above. Amino and carboxyl termini
35 are selected from within a common stretch of sequence, referred to as a breakpoint region, using the guidelines described below. A novel amino acid sequence is thus generated by selecting amino and carboxyl termini from

within the same breakpoint region. In many cases the selection of the new termini will be such that the original position of the carboxyl terminus immediately preceded that of the amino terminus. However, those skilled in the art will recognize that selections of termini anywhere within the region may function, and that these will effectively lead to either deletions or additions to the amino or carboxyl portions of the new sequence.

10 It is a central tenet of molecular biology that the primary amino acid sequence of a protein dictates folding to the three-dimensional structure necessary for expression of its biological function. Methods are known to those skilled in the art to obtain and
15 interpret three-dimensional structural information using x-ray diffraction of single protein crystals or nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy of protein solutions. Examples of structural information that are relevant to the identification of breakpoint regions include the
20 location and type of protein secondary structure (alpha and 3-10 helices, parallel and anti-parallel beta sheets, chain reversals and turns, and loops; Kabsch & Sander, *Biopolymers* **22**: 2577-2637, 1983; the degree of solvent exposure of amino acid residues, the extent and
25 type of interactions of residues with one another (Chothia, *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* **53**:537-572; 1984) and the static and dynamic distribution of conformations along the polypeptide chain (Alber & Mathews, *Methods Enzymol.* **154**: 511-533, 1987). In some cases additional
30 information is known about solvent exposure of residues; one example is a site of post-translational attachment of carbohydrate which is necessarily on the surface of the protein. When experimental structural information is not available, or is not feasible to obtain, methods
35 are also available to analyze the primary amino acid sequence in order to make predictions of protein tertiary and secondary structure, solvent accessibility

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and the occurrence of turns and loops. Biochemical methods are also sometimes applicable for empirically determining surface exposure when direct structural methods are not feasible; for example, using the

5 identification of sites of chain scission following limited proteolysis in order to infer surface exposure (Gentile & Salvatore, *Eur. J. Biochem.* **218**:603-621, 1993)

Thus using either the experimentally derived structural

10 information or predictive methods (e.g., Srinivisan & Rose *Proteins: Struct., Funct. & Genetics*, **22**: 81-99, 1995) the parental amino acid sequence is inspected to classify regions according to whether or not they are integral to the maintenance of secondary and tertiary

15 structure. The occurrence of sequences within regions that are known to be involved in periodic secondary structure (alpha and 3-10 helices, parallel and anti-parallel beta sheets) are regions that should be avoided. Similarly, regions of amino acid sequence that

20 are observed or predicted to have a low degree of solvent exposure are more likely to be part of the so-called hydrophobic core of the protein and should also be avoided for selection of amino and carboxyl termini. In contrast, those regions that are known or predicted

25 to be in surface turns or loops, and especially those regions that are known not to be required for biological activity, are the preferred sites for location of the extremes of the polypeptide chain. Continuous stretches of amino acid sequence that are preferred based on the

30 above criteria are referred to as a breakpoint region.

Materials and Methods

Recombinant DNA methods

35 Unless noted otherwise, all specialty chemicals were obtained from Sigma Co., (St. Louis, MO). Restriction endonucleases and T4 DNA ligase were

obtained from New England Biolabs (Beverly, MA) or Boehringer Mannheim (Indianapolis, IN).

Transformation of *E. coli* strains

5

E. coli strains, such as DH5 α [™] (Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD) and TG1 (Amersham Corp., Arlington Heights, IL) are used for transformation of ligation reactions and are the source of plasmid DNA for
10 transfecting mammalian cells. *E. coli* strains, such as MON105 and JM101, can be used for expressing the EPO receptor agonist of the present invention in the cytoplasm or periplasmic space.

15 MON105 ATCC#55204: F⁻, lamda⁻, IN(rrnD, rrE)1, rpoD⁺, rpoH358

DH5 α [™]: F⁻, phi80dlacZdeltaM15, delta(lacZYA-argF)U169, deoR, recA1, endA1, hsdR17(rk⁻,mk⁺), phoA, supE44lamda⁻,
20 thi-1, gyrA96, relA1

TG1: delta(lac-pro), supE, thi-1, hsdD5/F'(traD36, proA+B⁺, lacIq, lacZdeltaM15)

25 DH5 α [™] Subcloning efficiency cells are purchased as competent cells and are ready for transformation using the manufacturer's protocol, while both *E. coli* strains TG1 and MON105 are rendered competent to take up DNA using a CaCl₂ method. Typically, 20 to 50 mL of cells
30 are grown in LB medium (1% Bacto-tryptone, 0.5% Bacto-yeast extract, 150 mM NaCl) to a density of approximately 1.0 optical density unit at 600 nanometers (OD600) as measured by a Baush & Lomb Spectronic spectrophotometer (Rochester, NY). The cells are
35 collected by centrifugation and resuspended in one-fifth culture volume of CaCl₂ solution (50 mM CaCl₂, 10 mM Tris-Cl, pH7.4) and are held at 4°C for 30 minutes. The

cells are again collected by centrifugation and resuspended in one-tenth culture volume of CaCl_2 solution. Ligated DNA is added to 0.2mL of these cells, and the samples are held at 4°C for 1 hour. The samples
5 are shifted to 42°C for two minutes and 1mL of LB is added prior to shaking the samples at 37°C for one hour. Cells from these samples are spread on plates (LB medium plus 1.5% Bacto-agar) containing either ampicillin (100 micrograms/mL, ug/mL) when selecting for ampicillin-
10 resistant transformants, or spectinomycin (75 ug/mL) when selecting for spectinomycin-resistant transformants. The plates are incubated overnight at 37°C. Single colonies are picked, grown in LB supplemented with appropriate antibiotic for 6-16 hours
15 at 37°C with shaking. Colonies are picked and inoculated into LB plus appropriate antibiotic (100 ug/mL ampicillin or 75 ug/mL spectinomycin) and are grown at 37°C while shaking. Before harvesting the cultures, 1 ul of cells are analyzed by PCR for the
20 presence of a EPO receptor agonist gene. The PCR is carried out using a combination of primers that anneal to the EPO receptor agonist gene and/or vector. After the PCR is complete, loading dye is added to the sample followed by electrophoresis as described earlier. A
25 gene has been ligated to the vector when a PCR product of the expected size is observed.

Methods for creation of genes with new N-terminus/C-terminus

30

Method I. Creation of genes with new N-terminus/C-terminus which contain a linker region.

35 Genes with new N-terminus/C-terminus which contain a linker region separating the original C-terminus and N-terminus can be made essentially following the method described in L. S. Mullins, et al *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **116**,

5529-5533 (1994). Multiple steps of polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplifications are used to rearrange the DNA sequence encoding the primary amino acid sequence of the protein. The steps are illustrated in Figure 2.

5

In the first step, the primer set ("new start" and "linker start") is used to create and amplify, from the original gene sequence, the DNA fragment ("Fragment Start") that contains the sequence encoding the new N-terminal portion of the new protein followed by the linker that connects the C-terminal and N-terminal ends of the original protein. In the second step, the primer set ("new stop" and "linker stop") is used to create and amplify, from the original gene sequence, the DNA fragment ("Fragment Stop") that encodes the same linker as used above, followed by the new C-terminal portion of the new protein. The "new start" and "new stop" primers are designed to include the appropriate restriction enzyme recognition sites which allow cloning of the new gene into expression plasmids. Typical PCR conditions are one cycle 95°C melting for two minutes; 25 cycles 94°C denaturation for one minute, 50°C annealing for one minute and 72°C extension for one minute; plus one cycle 72°C extension for seven minutes. A Perkin Elmer GeneAmp PCR Core Reagents kit is used. A 100 ul reaction contains 100 pmole of each primer and one ug of template DNA; and 1x PCR buffer, 200 uM dGTP, 200 uM dATP, 200 uM dTTP, 200 uM dCTP, 2.5 units AmpliTaq DNA polymerase and 2 mM MgCl₂. PCR reactions are performed in a Model 480 DNA thermal cycler (Perkin Elmer Corporation, Norwalk, CT).

"Fragment Start" and "Fragment Stop", which have complementary sequence in the linker region and the coding sequence for the two amino acids on both sides of the linker, are joined together in a third PCR step to make the full-length gene encoding the new protein. The

DNA fragments "Fragment Start" and "Fragment Stop" are resolved on a 1% TAE gel, stained with ethidium bromide and isolated using a Qiaex Gel Extraction kit (Qiagen). These fragments are combined in equimolar quantities, heated at 70°C for ten minutes and slow cooled to allow annealing through their shared sequence in "linker start" and "linker stop". In the third PCR step, primers "new start" and "new stop" are added to the annealed fragments to create and amplify the full-length new N-terminus/C-terminus gene. Typical PCR conditions are one cycle 95°C melting for two minutes; 25 cycles 94°C denaturation for one minute, 60°C annealing for one minute and 72°C extension for one minute; plus one cycle 72°C extension for seven minutes. A Perkin Elmer GeneAmp PCR Core Reagents kit is used. A 100 ul reaction contains 100 pmole of each primer and approximately 0.5 ug of DNA; and 1x PCR buffer, 200 uM dGTP, 200 uM dATP, 200 uM dTTP, 200 uM dCTP, 2.5 units AmpliTaq DNA polymerase and 2 mM MgCl₂. PCR reactions are purified using a Wizard PCR Preps kit (Promega).

Method II. Creation of genes with new N-terminus/C-terminus without a linker region.

New N-terminus/C-terminus genes without a linker joining the original N-terminus and C-terminus can be made using two steps of PCR amplification and a blunt end ligation. The steps are illustrated in Figure 3. In the first step, the primer set ("new start" and "P-bl start") is used to create and amplify, from the original gene sequence, the DNA fragment ("Fragment Start") that contains the sequence encoding the new N-terminal portion of the new protein. In the second step, the primer set ("new stop" and "P-bl stop") is used to create and amplify, from the original gene sequence, the DNA fragment ("Fragment Stop") that contains the sequence encoding the new C-terminal portion of the new

protein. The "new start" and "new stop" primers are designed to include appropriate restriction sites which allow cloning of the new gene into expression vectors. Typical PCR conditions are one cycle 95°C melting for two minutes; 25 cycles 94°C denaturation for one minute, 50°C annealing for 45 seconds and 72°C extension for 45 seconds. Deep Vent polymerase (New England Biolabs) is used to reduce the occurrence of overhangs in conditions recommended by the manufacturer. The "P-bl start" and "P-bl stop" primers are phosphorylated at the 5' end to aid in the subsequent blunt end ligation of "Fragment Start" and "Fragment Stop" to each other. A 100 ul reaction contained 150 pmole of each primer and one ug of template DNA; and 1x Vent buffer (New England Biolabs), 300 uM dGTP, 300 uM dATP, 300 uM dTTP, 300 uM dCTP, and 1 unit Deep Vent polymerase. PCR reactions are performed in a Model 480 DNA thermal cycler (Perkin Elmer Corporation, Norwalk, CT). PCR reaction products are purified using a Wizard PCR Preps kit (Promega).

The primers are designed to include appropriate restriction enzyme recognition sites which allow for the cloning of the new gene into expression vectors. Typically "Fragment Start" is designed to create a NcoI restriction site, and "Fragment Stop" is designed to create a HindIII restriction site. Restriction digest reactions are purified using a Magic DNA Clean-up System kit (Promega). Fragments Start and Stop are resolved on a 1% TAE gel, stained with ethidium bromide and isolated using a Qiaex Gel Extraction kit (Qiagen). These fragments are combined with and annealed to the ends of the ~ 3800 base pair NcoI/HindIII vector fragment of pMON3934 by heating at 50°C for ten minutes and allowed to slow cool. The three fragments are ligated together using T4 DNA ligase (Boehringer Mannheim). The result is a plasmid containing the full-length new N-terminus/C-terminus gene. A portion of the ligation reaction is

used to transform *E. coli* strain DH5 α cells (Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD). Plasmid DNA is purified and sequence confirmed as below.

5 Method III. Creation of new N-terminus/C-terminus genes by tandem-duplication method

10 New N-terminus/C-terminus genes can be made based on the method described in R. A. Horlick, et al *Protein Eng.* 5:427-431 (1992). Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification of the new N-terminus/C-terminus genes is performed using a tandemly duplicated template DNA. The steps are illustrated in Figure 4.

15 The tandemly-duplicated template DNA is created by cloning and contains two copies of the gene separated by DNA sequence encoding a linker connecting the original C- and N-terminal ends of the two copies of the gene. Specific primer sets are used to create and amplify a
20 full-length new N terminus/C-terminus gene from the tandemly-duplicated template DNA. These primers are designed to include appropriate restriction sites which allow for the cloning of the new gene into expression vectors. Typical PCR conditions are one cycle 95°C
25 melting for two minutes; 25 cycles 94°C denaturation for one minute, 50°C annealing for one minute and 72°C extension for one minute; plus one cycle 72°C extension for seven minutes. A Perkin Elmer GeneAmp PCR Core Reagents kit (Perkin Elmer Corporation, Norwalk, CT) is
30 used. A 100 μ l reaction contains 100 pmole of each primer and one μ g of template DNA; and 1x PCR buffer, 200 μ M dGTP, 200 μ M dATP, 200 μ M dTTP, 200 μ M dCTP, 2.5 units AmpliTaq DNA polymerase and 2 mM MgCl₂. PCR reactions are performed in a Model 480 DNA thermal
35 cycler (Perkin Elmer Corporation, Norwalk, CT). PCR reactions are purified using a Wizard PCR Preps kit (Promega).

DNA isolation and characterization

Plasmid DNA can be isolated by a number of
5 different methods and using commercially available kits
known to those skilled in the art. A few such methods
are shown herein. Plasmid DNA is isolated using the
Promega Wizard™ Miniprep kit (Madison, WI), the Qiagen
QIAwell Plasmid isolation kits (Chatsworth, CA) or
10 Qiagen Plasmid Midi kit. These kits follow the same
general procedure for plasmid DNA isolation. Briefly,
cells are pelleted by centrifugation (5000 x g), plasmid
DNA released with sequential NaOH/acid treatment, and
cellular debris is removed by centrifugation (10000 x
15 g). The supernatant (containing the plasmid DNA) is
loaded onto a column containing a DNA-binding resin, the
column is washed, and plasmid DNA eluted with TE. After
screening for the colonies with the plasmid of interest,
the *E. coli* cells are inoculated into 50-100 mLs of LB
20 plus appropriate antibiotic for overnight growth at 37°C
in an air incubator while shaking. The purified plasmid
DNA is used for DNA sequencing, further restriction
enzyme digestion, additional subcloning of DNA fragments
and transfection into mammalian, *E. coli* or other cells.
25 Sequence confirmation.

Purified plasmid DNA is resuspended in dH₂O and
quantitated by measuring the absorbance at 260/280 nm in
30 a Bausch and Lomb Spectronic 601 UV spectrometer. DNA
samples are sequenced using ABI PRISM™ DyeDeoxy™
terminator sequencing chemistry (Applied Biosystems
Division of Perkin Elmer Corporation, Lincoln City, CA)
kits (Part Number 401388 or 402078) according to the
35 manufacturers suggested protocol usually modified by the
addition of 5% DMSO to the sequencing mixture.
Sequencing reactions are performed in a Model 480 DNA
thermal cycler (Perkin Elmer Corporation, Norwalk, CT)

following the recommended amplification conditions. Samples are purified to remove excess dye terminators with Centri-Sep™ spin columns (Princeton Separations, Adelphia, NJ) and lyophilized. Fluorescent dye labeled
5 sequencing reactions are resuspended in deionized formamide, and sequenced on denaturing 4.75% polyacrylamide-8M urea gels using an ABI Model 373A automated DNA sequencer. Overlapping DNA sequence fragments are analyzed and assembled into master DNA
10 contigs using Sequencher v2.1 DNA analysis software (Gene Codes Corporation, Ann Arbor, MI).

Expression of EPO receptor agonists in mammalian cells

15 Mammalian Cell Transfection/Production of Conditioned Media

The BHK-21 cell line can be obtained from the ATCC (Rockville, MD). The cells are cultured in Dulbecco's
20 modified Eagle media (DMEM/high-glucose), supplemented to 2mM (mM) L-glutamine and 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS). This formulation is designated BHK growth media. Selective media is BHK growth media supplemented with 453 units/mL hygromycin B (Calbiochem, San Diego, CA).
25 The BHK-21 cell line was previously stably transfected with the HSV transactivating protein VP16, which transactivates the IE110 promoter found on the plasmid pMON3359 (See Hippenmeyer et al., *Bio/Technology*, pp.1037-1041, 1993). The VP16 protein drives expression
30 of genes inserted behind the IE110 promoter. BHK-21 cells expressing the transactivating protein VP16 are designated BHK-VP16. The plasmid pMON1118 (See Highkin et al., *Poultry Sci.*, **70**: 970-981, 1991) expresses the hygromycin resistance gene from the SV40 promoter. A
35 similar plasmid is available from ATCC, pSV2-hph.

BHK-VP16 cells are seeded into a 60 millimeter (mm) tissue culture dish at 3×10^5 cells per dish 24 hours

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prior to transfection. Cells are transfected for 16 hours in 3 mL of "OPTIMEM"™ (Gibco-BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10 ug of plasmid DNA containing the gene of interest, 3 ug hygromycin resistance plasmid, 5 pMON1118, and 80 ug of Gibco-BRL "LIPOFECTAMINE"™ per dish. The media is subsequently aspirated and replaced with 3 mL of growth media. At 48 hours post-transfection, media from each dish is collected and assayed for activity (transient conditioned media). The 10 cells are removed from the dish by trypsin-EDTA, diluted 1:10 and transferred to 100 mm tissue culture dishes containing 10 mL of selective media. After approximately 7 days in selective media, resistant cells grow into colonies several millimeters in diameter. The colonies 15 are removed from the dish with filter paper (cut to approximately the same size as the colonies and soaked in trypsin/EDTA) and transferred to individual wells of a 24 well plate containing 1 mL of selective media. After the clones are grown to confluence, the 20 conditioned media is re-assayed, and positive clones are expanded into growth media.

Expression of EPO receptor agonists in *E. coli*

25 *E. coli* strain MON105 or JM101 harboring the plasmid of interest are grown at 37°C in M9 plus casamino acids medium with shaking in a air incubator Model G25 from New Brunswick Scientific (Edison, New Jersey). Growth is monitored at OD600 until it reaches 30 a value of 1, at which time nalidixic acid (10 milligrams/mL) in 0.1 N NaOH is added to a final concentration of 50 µg/mL. The cultures are then shaken at 37°C for three to four additional hours. A high degree of aeration is maintained throughout culture 35 period in order to achieve maximal production of the desired gene product.. The cells are examined under a light microscope for the presence of inclusion bodies

(IB). One mL aliquots of the culture are removed for analysis of protein content by boiling the pelleted cells, treating them with reducing buffer and electrophoresis via SDS-PAGE (see Maniatis et al. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 1982). The culture is centrifuged (5000 x g) to pellet the cells.

Additional strategies for achieving high-level expression of genes in *E. coli* can be found in Savvas, C.M. (*Microbiological Reviews* **60**;512-538, 1996).

Inclusion Body preparation, Extraction, Refolding, Dialysis, DEAE Chromatography, and Characterization of the EPO receptor agonists which accumulate as inclusion bodies in *E. coli*.

Isolation of Inclusion Bodies:

The cell pellet from a 330 mL *E. coli* culture is resuspended in 15 mL of sonication buffer (10 mM 2-amino-2-(hydroxymethyl) 1,3-propanediol hydrochloride (Tris-HCl), pH 8.0 + 1 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA)). These resuspended cells are sonicated using the microtip probe of a Sonicator Cell Disruptor (Model W-375, Heat Systems-Ultrasonics, Inc., Farmingdale, New York). Three rounds of sonication in sonication buffer followed by centrifugation are employed to disrupt the cells and wash the inclusion bodies (IB). The first round of sonication is a 3 minute burst followed by a 1 minute burst, and the final two rounds of sonication are for 1 minute each.

Extraction and refolding of proteins from inclusion body pellets:

Following the final centrifugation step, the IB pellet is resuspended in 10 mL of 50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.5, 8 M urea and 5 mM dithiothreitol (DTT) and stirred at room temperature for approximately 45 minutes to
5 allow for denaturation of the expressed protein.

The extraction solution is transferred to a beaker containing 70 mL of 5mM Tris-HCl, pH 9.5 and 2.3 M urea and gently stirred while exposed to air at 4°C for 18 to 48 hours to allow the proteins to refold. Refolding is
10 monitored by analysis on a Vydac (Hesperia, Ca.) C18 reversed phase high pressure liquid chromatography (RP-HPLC) column (0.46x25 cm). A linear gradient of 40% to 65% acetonitrile, containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), is employed to monitor the refold. This gradient
15 is developed over 30 minutes at a flow rate of 1.5 mL per minute. Denatured proteins generally elute later in the gradient than the refolded proteins.

Purification:

20

Following the refold, contaminating *E. coli* proteins are removed by acid precipitation. The pH of the refold solution is titrated to between pH 5.0 and pH 5.2 using 15% (v/v) acetic acid (HOAc). This solution
25 is stirred at 4°C for 2 hours and then centrifuged for 20 minutes at 12,000 x g to pellet any insoluble protein.

The supernatant from the acid precipitation step is dialyzed using a Spectra/Por 3 membrane with a molecular
30 weight cut off (MWCO) of 3,500 daltons. The dialysis is against 2 changes of 4 liters (a 50-fold excess) of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 for a total of 18 hours. Dialysis lowers the sample conductivity and removes urea prior to DEAE chromatography. The sample is then centrifuged (20
35 minutes at 12,000 x g) to pellet any insoluble protein following dialysis.

A Bio-Rad Bio-Scale DEAE2 column (7 x 52 mm) is used for ion exchange chromatography. The column is equilibrated in a buffer containing 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0. The protein is eluted using a 0-to-500 mM sodium chloride (NaCl) gradient, in equilibration buffer, over 45 column volumes. A flow rate of 1 mL per minute is used throughout the run. Column fractions (2 mL per fraction) are collected across the gradient and analyzed by RP HPLC on a Vydac (Hesperia, Ca.) C18 column (0.46 x 25 cm). A linear gradient of 40% to 65% acetonitrile, containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA), is employed. This gradient is developed over 30 minutes at a flow rate of 1.5 mL per minute. Pooled fractions are then dialyzed against 2 changes of 4 liters (50-to-500-fold excess) of 10 mM ammonium acetate (NH₄Ac), pH 4.0 for a total of 18 hours. Dialysis is performed using a Spectra/Por 3 membrane with a MWCO of 3,500 daltons. Finally, the sample is sterile filtered using a 0.22µm syringe filter (µStar LB syringe filter, Costar, Cambridge, Ma.), and stored at 4°C.

In some cases the folded proteins can be affinity purified using affinity reagents such as mAbs or receptor subunits attached to a suitable matrix. Alternatively, (or in addition) purification can be accomplished using any of a variety of chromatographic methods such as: ion exchange, gel filtration or hydrophobic chromatography or reversed phase HPLC.

These and other protein purification methods are described in detail in Methods in Enzymology, Volume 182 'Guide to Protein Purification' edited by Murray Deutscher, Academic Press, San Diego, CA (1990).

Protein Characterization:

The purified protein is analyzed by RP-HPLC, electrospray mass spectrometry, and SDS-PAGE. The

protein quantitation is done by amino acid composition, RP-HPLC, and Bradford protein determination. In some cases tryptic peptide mapping is performed in conjunction with electrospray mass spectrometry to confirm the identity of the protein.

Methylcellulose Assay

This assay reflects the ability of colony stimulating factors to stimulate normal bone marrow cells to produce different types of hematopoietic colonies *in vitro* (Bradley et al., *Aust. Exp Biol. Sci.* **44**:287-300, 1966), Pluznik et al., *J. Cell Comp. Physio* **66**:319-324, 1965).

15

Methods

Approximately 30 mL of fresh, normal, healthy bone marrow aspirate are obtained from individuals following informed consent. Under sterile conditions samples are diluted 1:5 with a 1X PBS (#14040.059 Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD.) solution in a 50 mL conical tube (#25339-50 Corning, Corning MD). Ficoll (Histopaque 1077 Sigma H-8889) is layered under the diluted sample and centrifuged, 300 x g for 30 min. The mononuclear cell band is removed and washed two times in 1X PBS and once with 1% BSA PBS (CellPro Co., Bothel, WA). Mononuclear cells are counted and CD34+ cells are selected using the Ceprate LC (CD34) Kit (CellPro Co., Bothel, WA) column. This fractionation is performed since all stem and progenitor cells within the bone marrow display CD34 surface antigen.

Cultures are set up in triplicate with a final volume of 1.0 mL in a 35 X 10 mm petri dish (Nunc#174926). Culture medium is purchased from Terry Fox Labs. (HCC-4230 medium (Terry Fox Labs, Vancouver, B.C., Canada) and erythropoietin (Amgen, Thousand Oaks, CA.) is added

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to the culture media. 3,000-10,000 CD34+ cells are added per dish. EPO receptor agonist proteins, in conditioned media from transfected mammalian cells or purified from conditioned media from transfected mammalian cells or *E. coli*, are added to give final concentrations ranging from .001 nM to 10 nM. Cultures are resuspended using a 3cc syringe and 1.0 mL is dispensed per dish. Control (baseline response) cultures received no colony stimulating factors.

Positive control cultures received conditioned media (PHA stimulated human cells: Terry Fox Lab. H2400). Cultures are incubated at 37°C, 5% CO₂ in humidified air.

Hematopoietic colonies which are defined as greater than 50 cells are counted on the day of peak response (days 10-11) using a Nikon inverted phase microscope with a 40x objective combination. Groups of cells containing fewer than 50 cells are referred to as clusters. Alternatively colonies can be identified by spreading the colonies on a slide and stained or they can be picked, resuspended and spun onto cytospin slides for staining.

Human Cord Blood Hematopoietic Growth Factor Assays

Bone marrow cells are traditionally used for in vitro assays of hematopoietic colony stimulating factor (CSF) activity. However, human bone marrow is not always available, and there is considerable variability between donors. Umbilical cord blood is comparable to bone marrow as a source of hematopoietic stem cells and progenitors (Broxmeyer et al., *PNAS USA* **89**:4109-113, 1992; Mayani et al., *Blood* **81**:3252-3258, 1993). In contrast to bone marrow, cord blood is more readily available on a regular basis. There is also a potential to reduce assay variability by pooling cells obtained fresh from several donors, or to create a bank of

cryopreserved cells for this purpose. By modifying the culture conditions, and/or analyzing for lineage specific markers, it is possible to assay specifically for burst forming colonies (BFU-E) activity.

Methods

Mononuclear cells (MNC) are isolated from cord blood within 24 hr. of collection, using a standard density gradient (1.077 g/mL Histopaque). Cord blood MNC have been further enriched for stem cells and progenitors by several procedures, including immunomagnetic selection for CD14-, CD34+ cells; panning for SBA-, CD34+ fraction using coated flasks from Applied Immune Science (Santa Clara, CA); and CD34+ selection using a CellPro (Bothell, WA) avidin column. Either freshly isolated or cryopreserved CD34+ cell enriched fractions are used for the assay. Duplicate cultures for each serial dilution of sample (concentration range from 1 pM to 1204 pM) are prepared with 1x10⁴ cells in 1ml of 0.9% methylcellulose containing medium without additional growth factors (Methocult H4230 from Stem Cell Technologies, Vancouver, BC.). After culturing for 7-9 days, colonies containing >30 cells are counted.

Transfected cell lines:

Cell lines, such as BHK or the murine pro B cell line Baf/3, can be transfected with a colony stimulating factor receptor, such as the human EPO receptor which the cell line does not have. These transfected cell lines can be used to determine the cell proliferative activity and/or receptor binding.

EXAMPLE 1

Genes encoding the sequence rearranged EPO ligands can be constructed by any one of the methods described herein or by other recombinant methods known to those

skilled in the art. For the purpose of this example, the site of permutation is between residues 131(Arg) and 132(Thr) of EPO. This is a site which is susceptible to proteolytic cleavage, thereby indicating surface exposure with a relatively high degree of flexibility.

In this example a new N-terminus and a new C-terminus is created without a linker joining the original termini. This is done, as described in Method II, in 2 steps of PCR and a blunt end ligation.

In the first PCR step, using a vector containing the DNA sequence of SEQ ID NO:120 as the template, and the primers "new start" and "blunt start", a DNA fragment is created which encodes the new N-terminus. This fragment is termed "fragment start". The sequence underlined in the new start primer is the NcoI restriction site.

New start primer = gcgcgcCCATGGACAATCACTGCTGAC SEQ ID NO:131
Blunt start primer = TCTGTCCCCTGTCCT SEQ ID NO:132

In the second PCR step, using a vector containing the DNA sequence of SEQ ID NO:120 as the template, and the primers "new stop" and "blunt stop" create a DNA fragment which encodes the new C-terminus. This fragment is termed "fragment stop". The sequence underlined in the new stop primer is the HindIII restriction site.

New stop primer =
gcgcgcAAGCTTATTATCGGAGTGGAGCAGCTGAGGCCGCATC SEQ ID NO:133

Blunt end primer = GCCCCACCACGCTCATCTGT SEQ ID NO:134

In the ligation step, the two fragments created in the two PCR reactions are ligated together, digested with NcoI and HindIII and cloned into an expression vector. The clones are screened by restriction analysis and DNA
5 sequenced to confirm the proper sequence. The primers can be designed to create restriction sites other than NcoI and HindIII to clone into other expression vectors.

10

EXAMPLE 2

The sequence rearranged EPO receptor agonists of the present invention can be assayed for bioactivity by the methods described herein or by other assays know to
15 those skilled in the art.

Additional techniques for the construction of the variant genes, recombinant protein expression , protein purification, protein characterization, biological
20 activity determination can be found in WO 94/12639, WO 94/12638, WO 95/20976, WO 95/21197, WO 95/20977, WO 95/21254 which are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

25 All references, patents or applications cited herein are incorporated by reference in their entirety as if written herein.

Various other examples will be apparent to the
30 person skilled in the art after reading the present disclosure without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention. It is intended that all such other examples be included within the scope of the appended claims.

35

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION

- (i) APPLICANT: Summers, Neena
McWherter, Charles
Feng, Yiqing
- (ii) TITLE OF THE INVENTION: Novel Erythropoietin Receptor Agonists
- (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 134
- (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
(A) ADDRESSEE: G. D. Searle & Co.
(B) STREET: P.O. Box 5110
(C) CITY: Chicago
(D) STATE: IL
(E) COUNTRY: U. S. A.
(F) ZIP: 60680
- (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
(B) COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
(D) SOFTWARE: FastSEQ for Windows Version 2.0
- (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
(B) FILING DATE: 21-OCT-1997
(C) CLASSIFICATION:
- (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/034,044
(B) FILING DATE: 25-OCT-1996
- (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
(A) NAME: Bennett, Dennis A
(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,547
(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 2991/1
- (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
(A) TELEPHONE: 314-737-6986
(B) TELEFAX: 314-737-6972
(C) TELEX:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

```

Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile
 1           5           10           15
Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu
          20           25           30
Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser
          35           40           45
Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro
          50           55           60
Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg
65           70           75           80
Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile
          85           90           95
Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala
          100          105          110
Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly

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      115              120              125
Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly
      130              135              140
Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu
      145              150              155
Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu
      165              170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

```

Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr
 1      5      10      15
Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val
      20      25      30
Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu
      35      40      45
Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp
      50      55      60
Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser
      65      70      75      80
Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser
      85      90      95
Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp
      100      105      110
Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys
      115      120      125
Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly
      130      135      140
Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg
      145      150      155      160
Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

```

Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val
 1      5      10      15
Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly
      20      25      30
Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala
      35      40      45
Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu
      50      55      60
Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu
      65      70      75      80
Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro
      85      90      95
Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr
      100      105      110
Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu
      115      120      125
Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly
      130      135      140
Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr
      145      150      155      160
Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile
      165      170

```

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

```

Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro
 1      5      10      15
Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln
 20      25      30
Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val
 35      40      45
Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro
 50      55      60
Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr
 65      70      75      80
Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro
 85      90      95
Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe
100      105      110
Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys
115      120      125
Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser
130      135      140
Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu
145      150      155      160
Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

```

Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp
 1      5      10      15
Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln
 20      25      30
Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu
 35      40      45
Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu
 50      55      60
Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr
 65      70      75      80
Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp
 85      90      95
Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg
100      105      110
Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu
115      120      125
Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala
130      135      140
Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu
145      150      155      160
Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

```

Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr
 1      5      10      15
Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala
 20      25      30
Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg
 35      40      45
Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln
 50      55      60
Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu
 65      70      75      80
Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala
 85      90      95
Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys
 100     105     110
Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr
 115     120     125
Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro
 130     135     140
Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu
 145     150     155     160
Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly
 165     170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

```

Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys
 1      5      10      15
Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val
 20      25      30
Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly
 35      40      45
Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu
 50      55      60
His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu
 65      70      75      80
Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala
 85      90      95
Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu
 100     105     110
Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr
 115     120     125
Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro
 130     135     140
Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala
 145     150     155     160
Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys
 165     170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val

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```

1      5      10      15
Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu
20      25      30
Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln
35      40      45
Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His
50      55      60
Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg
65      70      75      80
Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser
85      90      95
Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe
100      105      110
Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly
115      120      125
Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg
130      135      140
Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys
145      150      155      160
Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

```

His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn
1      5      10      15
Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val
20      25      30
Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala
35      40      45
Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val
50      55      60
Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala
65      70      75      80
Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala
85      90      95
Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg
100      105      110
Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu
115      120      125
Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu
130      135      140
Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu
145      150      155      160
Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

```

Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe
1      5      10      15
Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp
20      25      30
Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu
35      40      45
Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp
50      55      60

```

```

Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu
65      70      75      80
Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
      85      90      95
Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val
      100     105     110
Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala
      115     120     125
Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile
      130     135     140
Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala
145      150     155     160
Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His
      165     170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

```

Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr
1      5      10      15
Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln
      20      25      30
Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu
      35      40      45
Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys
      50      55      60
Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly
65      70      75      80
Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro
      85      90      95
Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr
      100     105     110
Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys
      115     120     125
Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys
      130     135     140
Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu
145      150     155     160
Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys
      165     170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

```

Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala
1      5      10      15
Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly
      20      25      30
Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val
      35      40      45
Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala
      50      55      60
Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala
65      70      75      80
Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu
      85      90      95
Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser
      100     105     110
Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg

```

```

      115              120              125
Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp
      130              135              140
Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn
145              150              155              160
Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser
      165              170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

```

Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp
 1              5              10              15
Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu
      20              25              30
Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn
      35              40              45
Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val
50              55              60
Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln
65              70              75              80
Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg
      85              90              95
Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn
100              105              110
Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr
      115              120              125
Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser
130              135              140
Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile
145              150              155              160
Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu
      165              170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

```

Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys
 1              5              10              15
Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala
      20              25              30
Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser
      35              40              45
Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser
50              55              60
Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys
65              70              75              80
Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr
      85              90              95
Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe
100              105              110
Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly
      115              120              125
Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg
130              135              140
Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr
145              150              155              160
Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn
      165              170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

```

Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg
 1           5           10           15
Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu
 20           25           30
Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser
 35           40           45
Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly
 50           55           60
Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu
 65           70           75           80
Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile
 85           90           95
Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu
100          105          110
Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp
115          120          125
Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val
130          135          140
Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr
145          150          155          160
Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu
165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

```

Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met
 1           5           10           15
Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu
 20           25           30
Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln
 35           40           45
Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu
 50           55           60
Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala
 65           70           75           80
Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr
 85           90           95
Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg
100          105          110
Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg
115          120          125
Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu
130          135          140
Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly
145          150          155          160
Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn
165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

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(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

```

Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val
 1      5      10      15
Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu
 20      25      30
Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp
 35      40      45
Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser
 50      55      60
Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser
 65      70      75      80
Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp
 85      90      95
Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys
100      105      110
Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly
115      120      125
Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg
130      135      140
Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala
145      150      155      160
Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

```

Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly
 1      5      10      15
Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala
 20      25      30
Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu
 35      40      45
Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu
 50      55      60
Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro
 65      70      75      80
Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr
 85      90      95
Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu
100      105      110
Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly
115      120      125
Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr
130      135      140
Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu
145      150      155      160
His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

```

Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln

```

```

      1           5           10           15
Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val
      20           25           30
Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro
      35           40           45
Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr
      50           55           60
Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro
      65           70           75           80
Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe
      85           90           95
Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys
      100          105          110
Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Ser
      115          120          125
Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu
      130          135          140
Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His
      145          150          155          160
Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

```

Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala
      1           5           10           15
Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Val Asn Ser
      20           25           30
Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser
      35           40           45
Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys
      50           55           60
Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr
      65           70           75           80
Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe
      85           90           95
Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly
      100          105          110
Asp Arg Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg
      115          120          125
Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr
      130          135          140
Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro
      145          150          155          160
Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

```

Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu
      1           5           10           15
Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser
      20           25           30
Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly
      35           40           45
Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu
      50           55           60

```

```

Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile
65          70          75          80
Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu
85          90          95
Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp
100         105         110
Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val
115         120         125
Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr
130         135         140
Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp
145         150         155         160
Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg
165         170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

```

Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu
1          5          10          15
Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln
20         25         30
Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu
35         40         45
Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala
50         55         60
Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr
65         70         75         80
Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg
85         90         95
Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg
100        105        110
Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu
115        120        125
Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly
130        135        140
Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr
145        150        155        160
Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met
165        170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

```

Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser
1          5          10          15
Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro
20         25         30
Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg
35         40         45
Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile
50         55         60
Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala
65         70         75         80
Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly
85         90         95
Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly
100        105        110
Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu

```



```

          115          120          125
Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys
      130          135          140
Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys
145          150          155          160
Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

```

Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu
 1          5          10          15
His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu
      20          25          30
Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala
      35          40          45
Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu
50          55          60
Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr
65          70          75          80
Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro
      85          90          95
Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala
100          105          110
Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu
115          120          125
Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp
130          135          140
Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu
145          150          155          160
Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

```

Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His
 1          5          10          15
Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg
      20          25          30
Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser
      35          40          45
Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe
50          55          60
Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly
65          70          75          80
Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg
      85          90          95
Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys
100          105          110
Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn
115          120          125
Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys
130          135          140
Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala
145          150          155          160
Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

```

Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val
 1      5      10      15
Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala
      20      25      30
Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala
      35      40      45
Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg
      50      55      60
Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu
      65      70      75      80
Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu
      85      90      95
Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu
      100      105      110
Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu
      115      120      125
Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg
      130      135      140
Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu
      145      150      155      160
Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

```

Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp
 1      5      10      15
Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu
      20      25      30
Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
      35      40      45
Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val
      50      55      60
Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala
      65      70      75      80
Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile
      85      90      95
Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala
      100      105      110
Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn
      115      120      125
Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met
      130      135      140
Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu
      145      150      155      160
Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

```

Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys
 1      5      10      15
Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly
      20      25      30
Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro
      35      40      45
Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr
      50      55      60
Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys
      65      70      75      80
Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys
      85      90      95
Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu
      100      105      110
Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile
      115      120      125
Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu
      130      135      140
Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser
      145      150      155      160
Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

```

Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala
 1      5      10      15
Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala
      20      25      30
Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu
      35      40      45
Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser
      50      55      60
Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg
      65      70      75      80
Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp
      85      90      95
Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn
      100      105      110
Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr
      115      120      125
Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val
      130      135      140
Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu
      145      150      155      160
Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val

```

      1           5           10           15
Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln
      20           25           30
Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg
      35           40           45
Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn
      50           55           60
Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr
      65           70           75           80
Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser
      85           90           95
Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile
      100          105          110
Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val
      115          120          125
Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly
      130          135          140
Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala
      145          150          155          160
Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

```

Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser
  1           5           10           15
Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys
      20           25           30
Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr
      35           40           45
Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe
      50           55           60
Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly
      65           70           75           80
Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg
      85           90           95
Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr
      100          105          110
Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro
      115          120          125
Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln
      130          135          140
Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val
      145          150          155          160
Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

```

Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly
  1           5           10           15
Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu
      20           25           30
Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile
      35           40           45
Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu
      50           55           60

```

```

Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp
65      70      75      80
Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val
      85      90      95
Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr
      100      105      110
Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp
      115      120      125
Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln
      130      135      140
Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu
145      150      155      160
Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

```

Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu
1      5      10      15
Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala
      20      25      30
Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr
      35      40      45
Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg
      50      55      60
Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg
65      70      75      80
Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu
      85      90      95
Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly
      100      105      110
Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr
      115      120      125
Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala
      130      135      140
Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg
145      150      155      160
Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

```

Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg
1      5      10      15
Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile
      20      25      30
Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala
      35      40      45
Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly
      50      55      60
Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly
65      70      75      80
Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu
      85      90      95
Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys
      100      105      110
Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys

```

```

          115          120          125
Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val
      130          135          140
Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly
145          150          155          160
Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

```

Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser
 1          5          10          15
Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser
      20          25          30
Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp
      35          40          45
Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys
 50          55          60
Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly
65          70          75          80
Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg
      85          90          95
Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala
      100          105          110
Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val
      115          120          125
Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu
      130          135          140
Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln
145          150          155          160
Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

```

Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala
 1          5          10          15
Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys
      20          25          30
Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr
      35          40          45
Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro
 50          55          60
Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu
65          70          75          80
Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser
      85          90          95
Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala
      100          105          110
Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly
      115          120          125
Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val
      130          135          140
Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala
145          150          155          160
Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu
      165          170

```

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEO ID NO:39:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

```

Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala
 1      5      10      15
Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg
 20      25      30
Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu
 35      40      45
Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu
 50      55      60
Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu
 65      70      75      80
Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu
 85      90      95
Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg
100      105      110
Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu
115      120      125
Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser
130      135      140
Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly
145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

```

Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
 1      5      10      15
Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val
 20      25      30
Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala
 35      40      45
Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile
 50      55      60
Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala
 65      70      75      80
Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn
 85      90      95
Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met
100      105      110
Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu
115      120      125
Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln
130      135      140
Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu
145      150      155      160
Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu
165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro


```

1      5      10      15
Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr
                20                25                30
Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys
                35                40                45
Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys
                50                55                60
Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu
65                70                75                80
Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile
                85                90                95
Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu
                100                105                110
Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser
                115                120                125
Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro
130                135                140
Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg
145                150                155                160
Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly
                165                170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

```

Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu
1      5      10      15
Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser
                20                25                30
Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg
                35                40                45
Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp
50                55                60
Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn
65                70                75                80
Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr
                85                90                95
Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val
                100                105                110
Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu
                115                120                125
Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp
130                135                140
Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser
145                150                155                160
Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala
                165                170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

```

Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg
1      5      10      15
Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn
                20                25                30
Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr
35                40                45
Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser
50                55                60

```

```

Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile
65          70          75          80
Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val
          85          90          95
Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly
          100          105          110
Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala
          115          120          125
Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu
          130          135          140
Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu
145          150          155          160
Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

```

Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr
1          5          10          15
Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe
          20          25          30
Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly
          35          40          45
Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg
          50          55          60
Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr
65          70          75          80
Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro
          85          90          95
Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln
          100          105          110
Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val
          115          120          125
Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro
          130          135          140
Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr
145          150          155          160
Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:

```

Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile
1          5          10          15
Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu
          20          25          30
Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp
          35          40          45
Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val
          50          55          60
Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr
65          70          75          80
Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp
          85          90          95
Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln
          100          105          110
Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu

```

```

      115              120              125
Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu
      130              135              140
Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr
      145              150              155              160
Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu
      165              170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:

```

Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr
 1      5      10
Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg
      20      25      30
Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg
      35      40      45
Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu
      50      55      60
Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly
      65      70      75      80
Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr
      85      90      95
Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala
      100      105      110
Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg
      115      120      125
Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln
      130      135      140
Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu
      145      150      155      160
Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala
      165      170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:

```

Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala
 1      5      10
Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly
      20      25      30
Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly
      35      40      45
Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu
      50      55      60
Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys
      65      70      75      80
Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys
      85      90      95
Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val
      100      105      110
Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly
      115      120      125
Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu
      130      135      140
His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu
      145      150      155      160
Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile
      165      170

```

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

```

Asp 1 Ala 2 Ala 3 Ser 4 Ala 5 Ala 6 Pro 7 Leu 8 Arg 9 Thr 10 Ile 11 Thr 12 Ala 13 Asp 14 Thr 15 Phe
Arg 16 Lys 17 Leu 18 Phe 19 Arg 20 Val 21 Tyr 22 Ser 23 Asn 24 Phe 25 Leu 26 Arg 27 Gly 28 Lys 29 Leu 30 Lys
Leu 31 Tyr 32 Thr 33 Gly 34 Glu 35 Ala 36 Cys 37 Arg 38 Thr 39 Gly 40 Asp 41 Arg 42 Gly 43 Gly 44 Gly 45 Ser
Ala 46 Pro 47 Pro 48 Arg 49 Leu 50 Ile 51 Cys 52 Asp 53 Ser 54 Arg 55 Val 56 Leu 57 Glu 58 Arg 59 Tyr 60 Leu
Leu 61 Glu 62 Ala 63 Lys 64 Glu 65 Ala 66 Glu 67 Asn 68 Ile 69 Thr 70 Thr 71 Gly 72 Cys 73 Ala 74 Glu 75 His
Cys 76 Ser 77 Leu 78 Asn 79 Glu 80 Asn 81 Ile 82 Thr 83 Val 84 Pro 85 Asp 86 Thr 87 Lys 88 Val 89 Asn 90 Phe
Tyr 91 Ala 92 Trp 93 Lys 94 Arg 95 Met 96 Glu 97 Val 98 Gly 99 Gln 100 Gln 101 Ala 102 Val 103 Glu 104 Val 105 Trp
Gln 106 Gly 107 Leu 108 Ala 109 Leu 110 Leu 111 Ser 112 Glu 113 Ala 114 Val 115 Leu 116 Arg 117 Gly 118 Gln 119 Ala 120 Leu
Leu 121 Val 122 Asn 123 Ser 124 Ser 125 Gln 126 Pro 127 Trp 128 Glu 129 Pro 130 Leu 131 Gln 132 Leu 133 His 134 Val 135 Asp
Lys 136 Ala 137 Val 138 Ser 139 Gly 140 Leu 141 Arg 142 Ser 143 Leu 144 Thr 145 Thr 146 Leu 147 Leu 148 Arg 149 Ala 150 Leu
Gly 151 Ala 152 Gln 153 Lys 154 Glu 155 Ala 156 Ile 157 Ser 158 Pro 159 Pro 160

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

```

Ala 1 Ala 2 Ser 3 Ala 4 Ala 5 Pro 6 Leu 7 Arg 8 Thr 9 Ile 10 Thr 11 Ala 12 Asp 13 Thr 14 Phe 15 Arg
Lys 16 Leu 17 Phe 18 Arg 19 Val 20 Tyr 21 Ser 22 Asn 23 Phe 24 Leu 25 Arg 26 Gly 27 Lys 28 Leu 29 Lys 30 Leu
Tyr 31 Thr 32 Gly 33 Glu 34 Ala 35 Cys 36 Arg 37 Thr 38 Gly 39 Asp 40 Arg 41 Gly 42 Gly 43 Gly 44 Ser 45 Ala
Pro 46 Pro 47 Arg 48 Leu 49 Ile 50 Cys 51 Asp 52 Ser 53 Arg 54 Val 55 Leu 56 Glu 57 Arg 58 Tyr 59 Leu 60 Leu
Glu 61 Ala 62 Lys 63 Glu 64 Ala 65 Glu 66 Asn 67 Ile 68 Thr 69 Thr 70 Gly 71 Cys 72 Ala 73 Glu 74 His 75 Cys
Ser 76 Leu 77 Asn 78 Glu 79 Asn 80 Ile 81 Thr 82 Val 83 Pro 84 Asp 85 Thr 86 Lys 87 Val 88 Asn 89 Phe 90 Tyr
Ala 91 Trp 92 Lys 93 Arg 94 Met 95 Glu 96 Val 97 Gly 98 Gln 99 Ala 100 Val 101 Glu 102 Val 103 Trp 104 Gln
Gly 105 Leu 106 Ala 107 Leu 108 Leu 109 Ser 110 Glu 111 Ala 112 Val 113 Leu 114 Arg 115 Gly 116 Gln 117 Ala 118 Leu 119 Leu
Val 120 Asn 121 Ser 122 Ser 123 Gln 124 Pro 125 Trp 126 Glu 127 Pro 128 Leu 129 Gln 130 Leu 131 His 132 Val 133 Asp 134 Lys
Ala 135 Val 136 Ser 137 Gly 138 Leu 139 Arg 140 Ser 141 Leu 142 Thr 143 Thr 144 Leu 145 Leu 146 Arg 147 Ala 148 Leu 149 Gly
Ala 150 Gln 151 Lys 152 Glu 153 Ala 154 Ile 155 Ser 156 Pro 157 Pro 158 Asp 159

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

```

Ala 1 Ser 2 Ala 3 Ala 4 Pro 5 Leu 6 Arg 7 Thr 8 Ile 9 Thr 10 Ala 11 Asp 12 Thr 13 Phe 14 Arg 15 Lys

```

```

      1           5           10           15
Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr
      20           25           30
Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro
      35           40           45
Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu
      50           55           60
Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser
      65           70           75
Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala
      85           90           95
Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly
      100          105          110
Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val
      115          120          125
Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala
      130          135          140
Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala
      145          150          155          160
Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

```

Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu
 1           5           10           15
Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr
      20           25           30
Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro
      35           40           45
Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala
      50           55           60
Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu
      65           70           75
Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp
      85           90           95
Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu
      100          105          110
Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn
      115          120          125
Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val
      130          135          140
Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln
      145          150          155          160
Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

```

Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe
 1           5           10           15
Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly
      20           25           30
Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg
      35           40           45
Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys
      50           55           60

```

```

Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn
65          70          75          80
Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys
85          90          95
Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala
100         105         110
Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser
115         120         125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser
130         135         140
Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys
145         150         155         160
Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser
165         170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

```

Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg
1          5          10          15
Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu
20         25         30
Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu
35         40         45
Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu
50         55         60
Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu
65         70         75         80
Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg
85         90         95
Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu
100        105        110
Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser
115        120        125
Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly
130        135        140
Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu
145        150        155        160
Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala
165        170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

```

Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val
1          5          10          15
Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala
20         25         30
Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile
35         40         45
Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala
50         55         60
Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn
65         70         75         80
Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met
85         90         95
Glu Val Gly Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu
100        105        110
Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln

```

```

          115          120          125
Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu
      130          135          140
Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala
145          150          155          160
Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 171 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

```

Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr
 1          5          10          15
Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys
      20          25          30
Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys
      35          40          45
Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu
 50          55          60
Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile
65          70          75          80
Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu
      85          90          95
Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser
      100          105          110
Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro
      115          120          125
Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg
130          135          140
Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Ala Lys Glu Ala
145          150          155          160
Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro
          165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

```

Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser
 1          5          10          15
Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg
      20          25          30
Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp
      35          40          45
Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn
 50          55          60
Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr
65          70          75          80
Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val
      85          90          95
Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu
      100          105          110
Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp
      115          120          125
Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser
130          135          140
Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser
145          150          155          160
Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu
          165          170

```


(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

```

Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn
 1           5           10           15
Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr
      20           25           30
Gly Asp Arg Gly Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser
      35           40           45
Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile
      50           55           60
Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val
      65           70           75
Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly
      85           90           95
Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala
      100          105          110
Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu
      115          120          125
Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu
      130          135          140
Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro
      145          150          155          160
Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg
      165          170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

```

AATATCACGA CGGGCTGTGC TGAACACTGC AGCTTGAATG AGAATATCAC TGTCCTCAGAC      60
ACCAAAGTTA ATTTCTATGC CTGGAAGAGG ATGGAGGTCG GGCAGCAGGC CGTAGAAGTC      120
TGGCAGGGCC TGGCCTGTCT GTCGGAAGCT GTCCTGCGGG GCCAGGCCCT GTTGGTCAAC      180
TCTTCCCAGC CGTGGGAGCC CCTGCAGCTG CATGTGGATA AAGCCGTCAG TGGCCTTCGC      240
AGCCTCACCA CTCTGCTTCG GGCTCTGGGA GCCCAGAAGG AAGCCATCTC CCTCCAGAT      300
GCGGCCTCAG CTGCTCCACT CCGAACAATC ACTGCTGACA CTTTCCGCAA ACTCTTCCGA      360
GTCTACTCCA ATTTCTCTCC GGGAAAGCTG AAGCTGTACA CAGGGGAGGC CTGCAGGACA      420
GGGACAGAT  GAGGCGGCGG CTCCCCCAC CACGCCTCAT CTGTGACAGC CGAGTCTCTG      480
AGAGGTACCT CTGGAGGCC  AAGGAGGCCG AG

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:61:

```

ATCACGACGG GCTGTGCTGA AACTGCAGC TTGAATGAGA ATATCACTGT CCCAGACACC      60
AAAGTTAATT TCTATGCCTG GAAGAGGATG GAGGTCGGGC AGCAGGCCGT AGAAGTCTGG      120
CAGGGCCTGG CCCTGTGTGC GGAAGCTGTC CTGCGGGGCC AGGCCCTGTT GTTCAACTCT      180
TCCCAGCCGT GGGAGCCCTT GCAGCTGCAT GTGGATAAAG CCGTCAGTGG CCTTCGCAGC      240
CTCACCACCTC TGCTTCGGGC TCTGGGAGCC CAGAAGGAAG CCATCTCCCC TCCAGATGCG      300
GCCTCAGCTG CTCCACTCCG AACAATCACT GCTGACACTT TCCGCAAACCT CTTCCGAGTC      360
TACTCCAATT TCCTCCGGGG AAAGCTGAAG CTGTACACAG GGGAGGCCCTG CAGGACAGGG      420
GACAGATGAG GCGGCGGCTC CCCCCACCAC GCCTCATCTG TGACAGCCGA GTCCTGGAGA      480
GGTACCTCTT GGAGGCCAAG GAGGCCGAGA AT

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:62:

ACGACGGGCT	GTGCTGAACA	CTGCAGCTTG	AATGAGAATA	TCAGTGTCCC	AGACACCAAA	60
GTTAATTTCT	ATGCCTGGAA	GAGGATGGAG	GTGCGGCAGC	AGGCCGTAGA	AGTCTGGCAG	120
GGCCTGGCCC	TGCTGTGCGA	AGCTGTCTTG	CGGGGCCAGG	CCCTGTGGGT	CAACTCTTCC	180
CAGCCGTGGG	AGCCCTGCA	GCTGCATGTG	GATAAAGCCG	TCAGTGGCCT	TCGCAGCCTC	240
ACCACTCTGC	TTCGGGCTCT	GGGAGCCCAG	AAGGAAGCCA	TCTCCCCTCC	AGATGCGGCC	300
TCAGCTGCTC	CACTCCGAAC	AATCACTGCT	GACACTTTCC	GCAAACCTCT	CCGAGTCTAC	360
TCCAATTTC	TCCGGGGAAA	GCTGAAGCTG	TACACAGGGG	AGGCCTGCAG	GACAGGGGAC	420
AGATGAGGCG	GCGGCTCCCC	CCACCACGCC	TCATCTGTGA	CAGCCGAGTC	CTGGAGAGGT	480
ACCTCTTGA	GGCCAAGGAG	GCCGAGAATA	TC			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:63:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:63:

ACGGGCTGTG	CTGAACACTG	CAGCTTGAAT	GAGAATATCA	CTGTCCCAGA	CACCAAAGTT	60
AATTTCTATG	CCTGGAAGAG	GATGGAGGTC	GGGCAGCAGG	CCGTAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGGC	120
CTGGCCCTGC	TGTCGGAAGC	TGTCCTGCGG	GGCCAGGCCC	TGTTGGTCAA	CTCTTCCAG	180
CCGTGGGAGC	CCCTGCAGCT	GCATGTGGAT	AAAGCCGTCA	GTGGCCTTCG	CAGCCTCACC	240
ACTCTGCTTC	GGGCTCTGGG	AGCCCAGAA	GAAAGCCATCT	CCCCTCCAGA	TGCGGCCTCA	300
GCTGCTCCAC	TCCGAACAAT	CACTGCTGAC	ACTTTCCGCA	AACTCTTCCG	AGTCTACTCC	360
AATTTCTCTC	GGGAAAGCT	GAAGCTGTAC	ACAGGGGAGG	CCTGCAGGAC	AGGGGACAGA	420
TGAGGCGGCG	GCTCCCCCCA	CCACGCCTCA	TCTGTGACAG	CCGAGTCTTG	GAGAGGTACC	480
TCTTGGAGGC	CAAGGAGGCC	GAGAATATCA	CG			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:64:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:64:

GGCTGTGCTG	AACACTGCAG	CTGAATGAG	AATATCACTG	TCCCAGACAC	CAAAGTTAAT	60
TTCTATGCCT	GGAAGAGGAT	GGAGGTCGGG	CAGCAGGCCG	TAGAAGTCTG	GCAGGGCCTG	120
GCCCTGTGCT	CGGAAGCTGT	CCTGCGGGGG	CAGGCCCTGT	TGGTCAACTC	TTCCCAGCCG	180
TGGGAGCCCC	TGCAGCTGCA	TGTGGATAAA	GCCGTCACTG	GCCTTCGCAG	CCTCACCCT	240
CTGCTTCGGG	CTCTGGGAGC	CCAGAAGGAA	GCCATCTCCC	CTCCAGATGC	GGCCTCAGCT	300
GCTCCACTCC	GAACAATCAC	TGCTGACACT	TTCCGCAAAC	TCTTCCGAGT	CTACTCCAAT	360
TTCTTCCGGG	GAAAGCTGAA	GCTGTACACA	GGGGAGGCCCT	GCAGGACAGG	GGACAGATGA	420
GGCGGCGGCT	CCCCCACC	CGCCTCATCT	GTGACAGCCG	AGTCTTGAG	AGGTACCTCT	480
TGGAGGCCAA	GGAGGCCGAG	AATATCACGA	CG			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

TGTGCTGAAC	ACTGCAGCTT	GAATGAGAAT	ATCACTGTCC	CAGACACCAA	AGTTAATTTT	60
TATGCCTGGA	AGAGGATGGA	GGTCGGGCAG	CAGGCCGTAG	AAGTCTGGCA	GGGCCTGGCC	120

CTGCTGTCGG	AAGCTGTCTCT	GCGGGGCCAG	GCCCTGTTGG	TCAACTCTTC	CCAGCCGTGG	180
GAGCCCCGTC	AGCTGCATGT	GGATAAAGCC	GTCAGTGGCC	TTCGCAGCCT	CACCACTCTG	240
CTTCGGGGCTC	TGGGAGCCCA	GAAGGAAGCC	ATCTCCCCTC	CAGATGCGGC	CTCAGCTGCT	300
CCACTCCGAA	CAATCACTGC	TGACACTTTC	CGCAAACCTCT	TCCGAGTCTA	CTCCAATTTC	360
CTCCGGGGAA	AGCTGAAGCT	GTACACAGGG	GAGGCCTGCA	GGACAGGGGA	CAGATGAGGC	420
GGCGGCTCCC	CCCACCACGC	CTCATCTGTG	ACAGCCGAGT	CCTGGAGAGG	TACCTCTTGG	480
AGGCCAAGGA	GGCCGAGAAT	ATCACGACGG	GC			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

GCTGAACACT	GCAGCTTGAA	TGAGAATATC	ACTGTCCAG	ACACCAAAGT	TAATTTCTAT	60
GCCTGGAAGA	GGATGGAGGT	CGGGCAGCAG	GCCGTAGAAG	TCTGGCAGGG	CCTGGCCCTG	120
CTGTCGGAAG	CTGTCTGCG	GGGCCAGGCC	CTGTTGGTCA	ACTCTTCCCA	GCCGTGGGAG	180
CCCCTGCAGC	TGCATGTGGA	TAAAGCCGTC	AGTGGCCTTC	GCAGCCTCAC	CACTCTGCTT	240
CGGGCTCTGG	GAGCCCAGAA	GGAAGCCATC	TCCCCTCCAG	ATGCGGCCCTC	AGCTGCTCCA	300
CTCCGAACAA	TCACTGCTGA	CACCTTCCCG	AAACTCTTCC	GAGTCTACTC	CAATTTCCCTC	360
CGGGGAAAGC	TGAAGCTGTA	CACAGGGGAG	GCCTGCAGGA	CAGGGGACAG	ATGAGGCGGC	420
GGTCCCCCCC	ACCACGCCTC	ATCTGTGACA	GCCGAGTCCT	GGAGAGGTAC	CTCTTGAGAG	480
CCAAGGAGGC	CGAGAATATC	ACGACGGGCT	GT			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

GAACACTGCA	GCTTGAATGA	GAATATCACT	GTCCCAGACA	CCAAAGTTAA	TTTCTATGCC	60
TGGAAGAGGA	TGGAGGTCGG	GCAGCAGGCC	GTAGAAGTCT	GGCAGGGCCT	GGCCCTGCTG	120
TCGGAAGCTG	TCCTGCGGGG	CCAGGCCCTG	TTGGTCAACT	CTCCCAGCC	GTGGGAGCCC	180
CTGCAGCTGC	ATGTGGATAA	AGCCGTCAGT	GGCCTTCGCA	GCCTCACCAC	TCTGCTTCGG	240
GCTCTGGGAG	CCCAGAAGGA	AGCCATCTCC	CCTCCAGATG	CGGCCTCAGC	TGCTCCACTC	300
CGAACCAATCA	CTGCTGACAC	TTTCCGCAAA	CTCTTCCGAG	TCTACTCCAA	TTTCTTCCGG	360
GGAAAGCTGA	AGCTGTACAC	AGGGGAGGCC	TGCAGGACAG	GGGACAGATG	AGGCGGGCGG	420
TCCCCCACC	ACGCTCATC	TGTGACAGCC	GAGTCCTGGA	GAGGTACCTC	TTGGAGGCCA	480
AGGAGGCCGA	GAATATCACG	ACGGGCTGTG	CT			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

CACTGCAGCT	TGAATGAGAA	TATCACTGTC	CCAGACACCA	AAGTTAATTT	CTATGCCTGG	60
AAGAGGATGG	AGGTCGGGCA	GCAGGCCGTA	GAAGTCTGGC	AGGGCCTGGC	CCTGCTGTCTG	120
GAAGCTGTCC	TGCGGGGCCA	GGCCCTGTTG	GTCAACTCTT	CCCAGCCGTG	GGAGCCCCCTG	180
CAGCTGCATG	TGGATAAAGC	CGTCAGTGGC	CTTCGCAGCC	TCACCACTCT	GCTTCGGGCT	240
CTGGGAGCCC	AGAAGGAAGC	CATCTCCCCT	CCAGATGCGG	CCTCAGCTGC	TCCACTCCGA	300
ACAATCACTG	CTGACACTTT	CCGCAAACTC	TTCCGAGTCT	ACTCCAATTT	CTCCGGGGGA	360
AAGCTGAAGC	TGTACACAGG	GGAGGCCTGC	AGGACAGGGG	ACAGATGAGG	CGGCGGCTCC	420
CCCCACCACG	CCTCATCTGT	GACAGCCGAG	TCTTGAGAG	GTACCTCTTG	GAGGCCAAGG	480
AGGCCGAGAA	TATCACGACG	GGCTGTGCTG	AA			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

TGCAGCTTGA	ATGAGAATAT	CACTGTCCCA	GACACCAAAG	TTAATTTCTA	TGCCTGGAAG	60
AGGATGGAGG	TCGGGCAGCA	GGCCGTAGAA	GTCTGGCAGG	GCCTGGCCCT	GCTGTGCGAA	120
GCTGTCTG	GGGGCCAGG	CCTGTTGGTC	AACTCTTCCC	AGCCGTGGGA	GCCCCGTCAG	180
CTGCATGTGG	ATAAAGCCGT	CAGTGGCCTT	CGCAGCCTCA	CCACTCTGCT	TCGGGCTCTG	240
GGAGCCCAGA	AGGAAGCCAT	CTCCCCCTCA	GATGCGGCCCT	CAGCTGCTCC	ACTCCGAACA	300
ATCACTGCTG	ACACTTTCG	CAAACCTCTC	CGAGTCTACT	CCAATTTCCCT	CCGGGGAAAAG	360
CTGAAGCTGT	ACACAGGGGA	GGCCTGCAGG	ACAGGGGACA	GATGAGGCGG	CGGCTCCCCC	420
CACCACGCCT	CATCTGTGAC	AGCCGAGTCC	TGGAGAGGTA	CCTCTTGGAG	GCCAAGGAGG	480
CCGAGAATAT	CACGACGGGC	TGTGCTGAAC	AC			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

AGCTTGAATG	AGAATATCAC	TGTCCCAGAC	ACCAAAGTTA	ATTTCTATGC	CTGGAAGAGG	60
ATGGAGGTCG	GGCAGCAGGC	CGTAGAAGTC	TGGCAGGGCC	TGGCCCTGCT	GTCCGAAGCT	120
GTCCCTGCGGG	GCCAGGCCCT	GTTGGTCAAC	TCTTCCCAGC	CGTGGGAGCC	CCTGCAGCTG	180
CATGTGGATA	AAGCCGTCAG	TGGCCTTCGC	AGCCTCACCA	CTCTGCTTCG	GGCTCTGGGA	240
GCCCAGAAGG	AAGCCATCTC	CCCTCCAGAT	GCGGCCTCAG	CTGCTCCACT	CCGAACAATC	300
ACTGCTGACA	CTTTCCGCAA	ACTCTTCCGA	GTCTACTCCA	ATTTCTCTCCG	GGGAAAGCTG	360
AAGCTGTACA	CAGGGGAGGC	CTGCAGGACA	GGGGACAGAT	GAGGCGGCGG	CTCCCCCAC	420
CAGCCTCAT	CTGTGACAGC	CGAGTCTCTG	AGAGGTACCT	CTTGGAGGCC	AAGGAGGCCG	480
AGAATATCAC	GACGGGCTGT	GCTGAACACT	GC			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

TTGAATGAGA	ATATCACTGT	CCCAGACACC	AAAGTTAATT	TCTATGCCTG	GAAGAGGATG	60
GAGGTCGGGC	AGCAGGCCGT	AGAAGTCTGG	CAGGGCCTGG	CCCTGCTGTC	GGAAGCTGTC	120
CTGCGGGGCC	AGGCCCTGTT	GGTCAACTCT	TCCCAGCCGT	GGGAGCCCCCT	GCAGCTGCAT	180
GTGGATAAAG	CCGTCACTGG	CCTTCGCAGC	CTCACCACCTC	TGCTTCGGGC	TCTGGGAGCC	240
CAGAAGGAAG	CCATCTCCCC	TCCAGATGCG	GCCTCAGCTG	CTCCACTCCG	AACAATCACT	300
GCTGACACTT	TCCGCAAACT	CTTCCGAGTC	TACTCCAATT	TCCTCCGGGG	AAAGCTGAAG	360
CTGTACACAG	GGGAGGCCTG	CAGGACAGGG	GACAGATGAG	GCGGCGGCTC	CCCCCACCAC	420
GCCTCATCTG	TGACAGCCGA	GTCTTGGAGA	GGTACCTCTT	GGAGGCCAAG	GAGGCCGAGA	480
ATATCACGAC	GGGCTGTGCT	GAACACTGCA	GC			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

AATGAGAATA	TCACTGTCCC	AGACACCAAA	GTTAATTTCT	ATGCCTGGAA	GAGGATGGAG	60
GTCCGGGCAGC	AGGCCGTAGA	AGTCTGGCAG	GGCCTGGCCC	TGCTGTGCGA	AGCTGTCCTG	120
CGGGGCCAGG	CCCTGTTGGT	CAACTCTTCC	CAGCCGTGGG	AGCCCCCTGCA	GCTGCATGTG	180
GATAAAGCCG	TCAGTGGCCT	TCGCAGCCTC	ACCACTCTGC	TTTCGGGCTCT	GGGAGCCCAG	240
AAGGAAGCCA	TCTCCCCCTC	AGATGCGGCC	TCAGCTGCTC	CACTCCGAAC	AATCACTGCT	300
GACACTTTC	GCAAACCTCT	CCGAGTCTAC	TCCAATTTCC	TCCGGGGAAA	GCTGAAGCTG	360
TACACAGGGG	AGGCCGTGAG	GACAGGGGAC	AGATGAGGCG	GCGGCTCCCC	CCACCACGCC	420
TCATCTGTGA	CAGCCGAGTC	CTGGAGAGGT	ACCTCTTGGA	GGCCAAGGAG	GCCGAGAATA	480
TCACGACGGG	CTGTGTGAA	CACCTGCAGCT	TG			512

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

GAGAATATCA	CTGTCCCAGA	CACCAAAGTT	AATTTCTATG	CCTGGAAGAG	GATGGAGGTC	60
GGGCAGCAGG	CCGTAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGGC	CTGGCCCTGC	TGTCGGAAGC	TGTCCTGCGG	120
GGCCAGGCCC	TGTTGGTCAA	CTCTTCCCAG	CCGTGGGAGC	CCCTGCAGCT	GCATGTGGAT	180
AAAGCCGTCA	GTGGCCTTCG	CAGCCTCACC	ACTCTGCTTC	GGGCTCTGGG	AGCCCAGAAG	240
GAAGCCATCT	CCCTCCAGA	TGCGGCCTCA	GCTGCTCCAC	TCCGAACAAT	CACTGCTGAC	300
ACTTCCGCA	AACTCTTCCG	AGTCTACTCC	AATTTCTCTC	GGGGAAAGCT	GAAGCTGTAC	360
ACAGGGGAGG	CCTGCAGGAC	AGGGGACAGA	TGAGGCGGCG	GCTCCCCCCA	CCACGCCCTCA	420
TCTGTGACAG	CCGAGTCCTG	GAGAGGTACC	TCTTGGAGGC	CAAGGAGGCC	GAGAATATCA	480
CGACGGGCTG	TGCTGAACAC	TGCAGCTTGA	AT			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

AATATCACTG	TCCCAGACAC	CAAAGTTAAT	TTCTATGCCT	GGAAGAGGAT	GGAGGTCGGG	60
CAGCAGGCCG	TAGAAGTCTG	GCAGGGCCTG	GCCCTGCTGT	CGGAAGCTGT	CCTGCGGGGC	120
CAGGCCCTGT	TGGTCAACTC	TTCCCAGCCG	TGGGAGCCCC	TGCAGCTGCA	TGTGGATAAA	180
GCCGTCAGTG	GCCTTCGCAG	CCTCACCAC	CTGCTTCGGG	CTCTGGGAGC	CCAGAAGGAA	240
GCCATCTCCC	CTCCAGATGC	GGCCTCAGCT	GCTCCACTCC	GAACAATCAC	TGCTGACACT	300
TTCCGCAAAAC	TCTTCCGAGT	CTACTCCAAT	TTCCCTCCGG	GAAAGCTGAA	GCTGTACACA	360
GGGGAGGCCT	GCAGGACAGG	GGACAGATGA	GGCGGCGGCT	CCCCCACCA	CGCCTCATCT	420
GTGACAGCCG	AGTCTTGAG	AGGTACCTCT	TGGAGGCCAA	GGAGGCCGAG	AATATCACGA	480
CGGGCTGTGC	TGAACACTGC	AGCTTGAATG	AG			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 512 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

ATCACTGTCC	CAGACACCAA	AGTTAATTTT	TATGCCTGGA	AGAGGATGGA	GGTCGGGCAG	60
CAGGCCGTAG	AAGTCTGGCA	GGGCCTGGCC	CTGCTGTCTG	AAGCTGTCTT	GCGGGGCCAG	120
GCCCTGTTGG	TCAACTCTTC	CCAGCCGTGG	GAGCCCCTGC	AGCTGCATGT	GGATAAAGCC	180
GTCACTGGCC	TTCGCAGCCT	CACCACTCTG	CTTCGGGCTC	TGGGAGCCCA	GAAGGAAGCC	240
ATCTCCCTC	CAGATGCGGC	CTCAGCTGCT	CCACTCCGAA	CAATCACTGC	TGACACTTTC	300
CGCAAATCT	TCCGAGTCTA	CTCCAATTTT	CTCCGGGGAA	AGCTGAAGCT	GTACACAGGG	360
GAGGCCTGCA	GGACAGGGGA	CAGATGAGGC	GGCGGCTCCC	CCCACCACGC	CTCATCTGTG	420
ACAGCCGAGT	CCTGGAGAGG	TACCTCTTGG	AGGCCAAGGA	GGCCGAGAAT	ATCACGACGG	480
GCTGTGCTGA	AACTGCAGC	TTGAATGAGA	AT			512

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

ACTGTCCCAG	ACACCAAAGT	TAATTTCTAT	GCCTGGAAGA	GGATGGAGGT	CGGGCAGCAG	60
GCCGTAGAAG	TCTGGCAGGG	CCTGGCCCTG	CTGTTCGAAG	CTGTCTCTGC	GGGCCAGGCC	120

CTGTTGGTCA	ACTCTTCCCA	GCCGTGGGAG	CCCCTGCAGC	TGCATGTGGA	TAAAGCCGTC	180
AGTGGCCTTC	GCAGCCTCAC	CACTCTGCTT	CGGGCTCTGG	GAGCCCAGAA	GGAAGCCATC	240
TCCCCTCCAG	ATGCGGCCTC	AGCTGCTCCA	CTCCGAACAA	TCACTGCTGA	CACTTTCCGC	300
AAACTCTTCC	GAGTCTACTC	CAATTTCCTC	CGGGGAAAAGC	TGAAGCTGTA	CACAGGGGAG	360
GCCTGCAGGA	CAGGGGACAG	ATGAGGCGGC	GGCTCCCCCC	ACCACGCCTC	ATCTGTGACA	420
GCCGAGTCCT	GGAGAGGTAC	CTCTTGGAGG	CCAAGGAGGC	CGAGAATATC	ACGACGGGCT	480
GTGCTGAACA	CTGCAGCTTG	AATGAGAATA	ATC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:77:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:77:

GTCCCAGACA	CCAAAGTTAA	TTTCTATGCC	TGGAAGAGGA	TGGAGGTCGG	GCAGCAGGCC	60
GTAGAAGTCT	GGCAGGGCCT	GGCCCTGCTG	TCGGAAGCTG	TCCTGCGGGG	CCAGGCCCTG	120
TTGGTCAACT	CTTCCCAGCC	GTGGGAGCCC	CTGCAGCTGC	ATGTGGATAA	AGCCGTCAGT	180
GGCCTTCGCA	GCCTCACCAC	TCTGCTTCGG	GCTCTGGGAG	CCCAGAAGGA	AGCCATCTCC	240
CCTCCAGATG	CGGCCTCAGC	TGCTCCACTC	CGAACAATCA	CTGCTGACAC	TTTCCGCAAA	300
CTCTTCCGAG	TCTACTCCAA	TTTCCTCCGG	GGAAAAGCTGA	AGCTGTACAC	AGGGGAGGCC	360
TGCAGGACAG	GGGACAGATG	AGGCGGCGGC	TCCCCCACC	ACGCCTCATC	TGTGACAGCC	420
GAGTCCTGGA	GAGGTACCTC	TTGGAGGCCA	AGGAGGCCGA	GAATATCACG	ACGGGCTGTG	480
CTGAACACTG	CAGCTTGAAT	GAGAATAATC	ACT			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:78:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

CCAGACACCA	AAGTTAATTT	CTATGCCTGG	AAGAGGATGG	AGGTCGGGCA	GCAGGCCGTA	60
GAAGTCTGGC	AGGGCCTGGC	CCTGCTGTCTG	GAAGCTGTCC	TGCGGGGCCA	GGCCCTGTTG	120
GTCAACTCTT	CCCAGCCGTG	GGAGCCCCTG	CAGCTGCATG	TGGATAAAGC	CGTCAGTGGC	180
CTTCGCAGCC	TCACCACTCT	GCTTCGGGCT	CTGGGAGCCC	AGAAGGAAGC	CATCTCCCTT	240
CCAGATCGCG	CCTCAGCTGC	TCCACTCCGA	ACAATCACTG	CTGACACTTT	CCGCAAATC	300
TTCCGAGTCT	ACTCCAATTT	CCTCCGGGGA	AAGCTGAAGC	TGTACACAGG	GGAGGCCTGC	360
AGGACAGGGG	ACAGATGAGG	CGGCGGCTCC	CCCCACCACG	CCTCATCTGT	GACAGCCGAG	420
TCCTGGAGAG	GTACCTCTTG	GAGGCCAAGG	AGGCCGAGAA	TATCACGACG	GGCTGTGCTG	480
AACACTGCAG	CTTGAATGAG	AATAATCACT	GTC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:79:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:

GACACCAAAG	TTAATTTCTA	TGCCTGGAAG	AGGATGGAGG	TCGGGCAGCA	GGCCGTAGAA	60
GTCTGGCAGG	GCCTGGCCCT	GCTGTCCGAA	GCTGTCTCTG	GGGGCCAGGC	CCTGTTGGTC	120
AACTCTTCCC	AGCCGTGGGA	GCCCCTGCAG	CTGCATGTGG	ATAAAGCCGT	CAGTGGCCTT	180
CGCAGCCTCA	CCACTCTGCT	TCGGGCTCTG	GGAGCCCAGA	AGGAAGCCAT	CTCCCCCTCA	240
GATGCGGCCT	CAGCTGCTCC	ACTCCGAACA	ATCACTGCTG	ACACTTTCCG	CAAACTCTTC	300
CGAGTCTACT	CCAATTTCTT	CCGGGGAAAG	CTGAAGCTGT	ACACAGGGGA	GGCCTGCAGG	360
ACAGGGGACA	GATGAGGCGG	CGGCTCCCCC	CACCACGCCT	CATCTGTGAC	AGCCGAGTCC	420
TGGAGAGGTA	CCTCTTGGAG	GCCAAGGAGG	CCGAGAATAT	CACGACGGGC	TGTGCTGAAC	480
ACTGCAGCTT	GAATGAGAAT	AATCACTGTC	CCA			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

AGGATGGAGG	TCGGGCAGCA	GGCCGTAGAA	GTCTGGCAGG	GCCTGGCCCT	GCTGTGCGAA	60
GCTGTCTGTC	GGGGCCAGGC	CCTGTTGGTC	AACTCTTCCC	AGCCGTGGGA	GCCCCTGCAG	120
CTGCATGTGG	ATAAAGCCGT	CAGTGGCCCT	CGCAGCCTCA	CCACTCTGCT	TCGGGCTCTG	180
GGAGCCCAGA	AGGAAGCCAT	CTCCCCTCCA	GATGCGGCCCT	CAGCTGCTCC	ACTCCGAACA	240
ATCACTGCTG	ACACTTTCCG	CAAACCTCTC	CGAGTCTACT	CCAATTTCTC	CCGGGGAAAG	300
CTGAAGCTGT	ACACAGGGGA	GGCCTGCAGG	ACAGGGGACA	GATGAGGCGG	CGGCTCCCCC	360
CACCAAGCCT	CATCTGTGAC	AGCCGAGTCC	TGGAGAGGTA	CCTCTTGGAG	GCCAAGGAGG	420
CCGAGAATAT	CACGACGGGC	TGTGCTGAAC	ACTGCAGCTT	GAATGAGAAT	AATCACTGTC	480
CCAGACACCA	AAGTTAATTT	CTATGCCTGG	AAG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:81:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:81:

ATGGAGGTCG	GGCAGCAGGC	CGTAGAAGTC	TGGCAGGGCC	TGGCCCTGCT	GTCGGAAGCT	60
GTCTGCGGGG	GCCAGGCCCT	GTTGGTCAAC	TCTTCCCAGC	CGTGGGAGCC	CCTGCAGCTG	120
CATGTGGATA	AAGCCGTCAG	TGGCCTTCGC	AGCCTCACCA	CTCTGCTTCG	GGCTCTGGGA	180
GCCCAGAAGG	AAGCATCTC	CCCTCCAGAT	GCGGCCTCAG	CTGCTCCACT	CCGAACAATC	240
ACTGCTGACA	CTTTCGCAA	ACTCTTCCGA	GTCTACTCCA	ATTTCTCTCC	GGGAAAGCTG	300
AAGCTGTACA	CAGGGGAGGC	CTGCAGGACA	GGGACAGAT	GAGGCGGCGG	CTCCCCCAC	360
CACGCCTCAT	CTGTGACAGC	CGAGTCCTGG	AGAGGTACCT	CTTGGAGGCC	AAGGAGGCCG	420
AGAATATCAC	GACGGGCTGT	GCTGAACACT	GCAGCTTGAA	TGAGAATAAT	CACTGTCCCA	480
GACACCAAAG	TTAATTTCTA	TGCCTGGAAG	AGG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:82:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:82:

GAGGTCGGGC	AGCAGGCCGT	AGAAGTCTGG	CAGGGCCTGG	CCCTGCTGTC	GGAAGCTGTC	60
CTGCGGGGCC	AGGCCCTGTT	GGTCAACTCT	TCCAGCCGCT	GGGAGCCCCT	GCAGCTGCAT	120
GTGGATAAAG	CCGTCACTGG	CCTTCGCAGC	CTCACCACCT	TGCTTCGGGC	TCTGGGAGCC	180
CAGAAGGAAG	CCATCTCCCC	TCCAGATGCG	GCCTCAGCTG	CTCCACTCCG	AACAATCACT	240
GCTGACACTT	TCCGCAAACT	CTTCCGAGTC	TACTCCAATT	TCCTCCGGGG	AAAGCTGAAG	300
CTGTACACAG	GGGAGGCCTG	CAGGACAGGG	GACAGATGAG	GCGGCGGCTC	CCCCCACCAC	360
GCCTCATCTG	TGACAGCCGA	GTCTTGGAGA	GGTACCTCTT	GGAGGCCAAG	GAGGCCGAGA	420
ATATCACGAC	GGGCTGTGCT	GAACACTGCA	GCTTGAATGA	GAATAATCAC	TGTCCCAGAC	480
ACCAAAGTTA	ATTTCTATGC	CTGGAAGAGG	ATG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:83:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

GTCGGGCAGC	AGGCCGTAGA	AGTCTGGCAG	GGCCTGGCCC	TGCTGTGCGA	AGCTGTCTCTG	60
CGGGGCCAGG	CCCTGTGGGT	CAACTCTTCC	CAGCCGTGGG	AGCCCCTGCA	GCTGCATGTG	120
GATAAAGCCG	TCAGTGGCCT	TCCGAGCCTC	ACCACTCTGC	TTCGGGCTCT	GGGAGCCCAG	180
AAGGAAGCCA	TCTCCCCTCC	AGATCGGGCC	TCAGCTGCTC	CACTCCGAAC	AATCACTGCT	240
GACACTTTCC	GCAAACCTCT	CCGAGTCTAC	TCCAATTTCC	TCCGGGGAAA	GCTGAAGCTG	300
TACACAGGGG	AGGCCGTGAG	GACAGGGGAC	AGATGAGGCG	GCGGCTCCCC	CCACCACGCC	360
TCATCTGTGA	CAGCCGAGTC	CTGGAGAGGT	ACCTCTTGGA	GGCCAAGGAG	GCCGAGAATA	420
TCACGACGGG	CTGTGCTGAA	CACTGCAGCT	TGAATGAGAA	TAATCACTGT	CCCAGACACC	480
AAAGTTAATT	TCTATGCCTG	GAAGAGGATG	GAG			513

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

CAGGCCCTGT	TGGTCAACTC	TTCCCAGCCG	TGGGAGCCCC	TGCAGCTGCA	TGTGGATAAA	60
GCCGTCAGTG	GCCTTCGCAG	CCTCACCAC	CTGCTTCGGG	CTCTGGGAGC	CCAGAAGGAA	120
GCCATCTCCC	CTCCAGATGC	GGCCTCAGCT	GCTCCACTCC	GAACAATCAC	TGCTGACACT	180
TTCCGCAAAC	TCTTCCGAGT	CTACTCCAAT	TTCTTCCGGG	GAAAGCTGAA	GCTGTACACA	240
GGGGAGGCC	GCAGGACAGG	GGACAGATGA	GGCGGCGGCT	CCCCCACCA	CGCCTCATCT	300
GTGACAGCCG	AGTCCTGGAG	AGGTACCTCT	TGGAGGCCAA	GGAGGCCGAG	AATATCACGA	360
CGGGCTGTGC	TGAACACTGC	AGCTTGAATG	AGAATAATCA	CTGTCCCAGA	CACCAAAGTT	420
AATTTCTATG	CCTGGAAGAG	GATGGAGGTC	GGGCAGCAGG	CCGTAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGGC	480
CTGGCCCTGC	TGTCGGAAGC	TGTCCTGCGG	GGC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

GCCCTGTTGG	TCAACTCTTC	CCAGCCGTGG	GAGCCCCTGC	AGCTGCATGT	GGATAAAGCC	60
GTCAGTGGCC	TTCCGAGCCT	CACCACTCTG	CTTCGGGCTC	TGGGAGCCCA	GAAGGAAGCC	120
ATCTCCCCTC	CAGATGCGGC	CTCAGCTGCT	CCACTCCGAA	CAATCACTGC	TGACACTTTC	180
CGCAAACCTC	TCCGAGTCTA	CTCCAATTTT	CTCCGGGGAA	AGCTGAAGCT	GTACACAGGG	240
GAGGCCTGCA	GGACAGGGGA	CAGATGAGGC	GGCGGCTCCC	CCCACCACGC	CTCATCTGTG	300
ACAGCCGAGT	CCTGGAGAGG	TACCTCTTGG	AGGCCAAGGA	GGCCGAGAAT	ATCACGACGG	360
GCTGTGCTGA	ACACTGCAGC	TTGAATGAGA	ATAATCACTG	TCCCAGACAC	CAAAGTTAAT	420
TTCTATGCCT	GGAAGAGGAT	GGAGGTCGGG	CAGCAGGCCG	TAGAAGTCTG	GCAGGGCCTG	480
GCCCTGCTGT	CGGAAGCTGT	CCTGCGGGGC	CAG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

CTGTGTGGTCA	ACTCTTCCCA	GCCGTGGGAG	CCCCTGCAGC	TGCATGTGGA	TAAAGCCGTC	60
AGTGGCCCTC	GCAGCCTCAC	CACTCTGCTT	CGGGCTCTGG	GAGCCCAGAA	GGAAGCCATC	120
TCCCCTCCAG	ATGCGGCCTC	AGCTGTCTCA	CTCCGAACAA	TCACTGTCTG	CACTTTCCGC	180
AAACTCTTCC	GAGTCTACTC	CAATTTCTCT	CGGGGAAAGC	TGAAGCTGTA	CACAGGGGAG	240
GCCTGCAGGA	CAGGGGACAG	ATGAGGCGGC	GGCTCCCCCA	ACCACGCCCT	ATCTGTGACA	300
GCCGAGTCCT	GGAGAGGTAC	CTCTTGGAGG	CCAAGGAGGC	CGAGAATATC	ACGACGGGCT	360
GTGCTGAACA	CTGCAGCTTG	AATGAGAATA	ATCACTGTCC	CAGACACCAA	AGTTAATTTT	420
TATGCCTGGA	AGAGGATGGA	GGTCGGGCAG	CAGGCCGTAG	AAGTCTGGCA	GGGCCTGGCC	480
CTGCTGTCGG	AAGCTGTCTT	GCGGGGCCAG	GCC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

TTGGTCAACT	CTTCCCAGCC	GTGGGAGCCC	CTGCAGCTGC	ATGTGGATAA	AGCCGTCAGT	60
GGCCTTCGCA	GCCTCACCAC	TCTGCTTCGG	GCTCTGGGAG	CCCAGAAGGA	AGCCATCTCC	120

CCTCCAGATG	CGGCCTCAGC	TGCTCCACTC	CGAACAATCA	CTGCTGACAC	TTTCCGCAAA	180
CTCTTCCGAG	TCTACTCCAA	TTTCCTCCGG	GGAAAGCTGA	AGCTGTACAC	AGGGGAGGCC	240
TGCAGGACAG	GGGACAGATG	AGGCGGCGGC	TCCCCCACC	ACGCCTCATC	TGTGACAGCC	300
GAGTCCTGGA	GAGGTACCTC	TTGGAGGCCA	AGGAGGCCGA	GAATATCACG	ACGGGCTGTG	360
CTGAACACTG	CAGCTTGAAT	GAGAATAATC	ACTGTCCCAG	ACACCAAAGT	TAATTTCTAT	420
GCCTGGAAGA	GGATGGAGGT	CGGGCAGCAG	GCCGTAGAAG	TCTGGCAGGG	CCTGGCCCTG	480
CTGTGCGAAG	CTGTCCTGCG	GGGCCAGGCC	CTG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:88:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:88:

GTCAACTCTT	CCCAGCCGTG	GGAGCCCCTG	CAGCTGCATG	TGGATAAAGC	CGTCAGTGGC	60
CTTCGCAGCC	TCACCACTCT	GCTTCGGGCT	CTGGGAGCCC	AGAAGGAAGC	CATCTCCCCT	120
CCAGATGCGG	CCTCAGCTGC	TCCACTCCGA	ACAATCACTG	CTGACACTTT	CCGCAAACCTC	180
TTCCGAGTCT	ACTCCAATTT	CCTCCGGGGA	AAGCTGAAGC	TGTACACAGG	GGAGGCCCTGC	240
AGGACAGGGG	ACAGATGAGG	CGGCGGCTCC	CCCCACCACG	CCTCATCTGT	GACAGCCGAG	300
TCCTGGAGAG	GTACCTCTTG	GAGGCCAAGG	AGGCCGAGAA	TATCACGACG	GGCTGTGCTG	360
AACACTGCAG	CTTGAATGAG	AATAATCACT	GTCCCAGACA	CCAAAGTTAA	TTTCTATGCC	420
TGGAAGAGGA	TGGAGGTCGG	GCAGCAGGCC	GTAGAAGTCT	GGCAGGGCCT	GGCCCTGCTG	480
TCGGAAGCTG	TCCTGCGGGG	CCAGGCCCTG	TTG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

AACTCTTCCC	AGCCGTGGGA	GCCCCGTCAG	CTGCATGTGG	ATAAAGCCGT	CAGTGGCCTT	60
CGCAGCCTCA	CCACTCTGCT	TCGGGCTCTG	GGAGCCCAGA	AGGAAGCCAT	CTCCCCCTCCA	120
GATGCGGCCT	CAGCTGCTCC	ACTCCGAACA	ATCACTGCTG	ACACTTTCGG	CAAACCTCTTC	180
CGAGTCTACT	CCAATTTCTT	CCGGGGAAAG	CTGAAGCTGT	ACACAGGGGA	GGCCTGCAGG	240
ACAGGGGACA	GATGAGGCGG	CGGCTCCCCC	CACCACGCCT	CATCTGTGAC	AGCCGAGTCC	300
TGGAGAGGTA	CCTCTTGGAG	GCCAAGGAGG	CCGAGAATAT	CACGACGGGC	TGTGCTGAAC	360
ACTGCAGCTT	GAATGAGAAT	AATCACTGTC	CCAGACACCA	AAGTTAATTT	CTATGCCTGG	420
AAGAGGATGG	AGGTCGGGCA	GCAGGCCGTA	GAAGTCTGGC	AGGGCCTGGC	CCTGCTGTGC	480
GAAGCTGTCC	TGCGGGGCCA	GGCCTGTTG	GTC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:90:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

TCTTCCCAGC	CGTGGGAGCC	CCTGCAGCTG	CATGTGGATA	AAGCCGTCAG	TGGCCTTCGC	60
AGCCTCACCA	CTCTGCTTCG	GGCTCTGGGA	GCCCAGAAGG	AAGCCATCTC	CCCTCCAGAT	120
GCGGCCTCAG	CTGCTCCACT	CCGAACAATC	ACTGCTGACA	CTTCCGCAA	ACTCTTCCGA	180
GTCTACTCCA	ATTTCTCCG	GGGAAAGCTG	AAGCTGTACA	CAGGGGAGGC	CTGCAGGACA	240
GGGGACAGAT	GAGGCGGCGG	CTCCCCCAC	CACGCCTCAT	CTGTGACAGC	CGAGTCCTGG	300
AGAGGTACCT	CTTGAGGGCC	AAGGAGGCCG	AGAATATCAC	GACGGGCTGT	GCTGAACACT	360
GCAGCTTGAA	TGAGAATAAT	CACTGTCCCC	GACACCAAAG	TTAATTTCTA	TGCCTGGAAG	420
AGGATGGAGG	TCGGGCAGCA	GGCCGTAGAA	GTCTGGCAGG	GCCTGGCCCT	GCTGTGCGAA	480
GCTGTCTCTG	GGGGCCAGGC	CCTGTTGGTC	AAC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

TCCCAGCCGT	GGGAGCCCCT	GCAGCTGCAT	GTGGATAAAG	CCGTCAGTGG	CCTTCGCAGC	60
CTCACCACCTC	TGCTTCGGGC	TCTGGGAGCC	CAGAAGGAAG	CCATCTCCCC	TCCAGATGCG	120
GCCTCAGCTG	CTCCACTCCG	AACAATCACT	GCTGACACTT	TCCGCAAAC	CTTCCGAGTC	180
TACTCCAATT	TCCTCCGGGG	AAAGCTGAAG	CTGTACACAG	GGGAGGCCTG	CAGGACAGGG	240
GACAGATGAG	GCGGCGGGTC	CCCCCACCAC	GCCTCATCTG	TGACAGCCGA	GTCTGGAGA	300
GGTACCTCTT	GGAGGCCAAG	GAGGCCGAGA	ATATCACGAC	GGGCTGTGCT	GAACACTGCA	360
GCTTGAATGA	GAATAATCAC	TGTCCCAGAC	ACCAAAGTTA	ATTTCTATGC	CTGGAAGAGG	420
ATGGAGGTCG	GGCAGCAGGC	CGTAGAAGTC	TGGCAGGGCC	TGGCCCTGCT	GTCCGAAGCT	480
GTCTTGGCGG	GCCAGGCCCT	GTTGGTCAAC	TCT			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

CAGCCGTGGG	AGCCCCCTGCA	GCTGCATGTG	GATAAAGCCG	TCAGTGGCCT	TCGCAGCCTC	60
ACCACTCTGC	TTCGGGCTCT	GGGAGCCCAG	AAGGAAGCCA	TCTCCCCCTC	AGATGCGGCC	120
TCAGCTGCTC	CACTCCGAAC	AATCACTGCT	GACACTTTCC	GCAAACCTCT	CCGAGTCTAC	180
TCCAATTTCC	TCCGGGGAAA	GCTGAAGCTG	TACACAGGGG	AGGCCTGCAG	GACAGGGGAC	240
AGATGAGGCG	GCGGCTCCCC	CCACCACGCC	TCATCTGTGA	CAGCCGAGTC	CTGGAGAGGT	300
ACCTCTTGGA	GGCCAAGGAG	GCCGAGAATA	TCACGACGGG	CTGTGCTGAA	CACTGCAGCT	360
TGAATGAGAA	TAATCACTGT	CCCAGACACC	AAAGTTAATT	TCTATGCCTG	GAAGAGGATG	420
GAGGTCGGGC	AGCAGGCCGT	AGAAGTCTGG	CAGGGCCTGG	CCCTGCTGTC	GGAAGCTGTC	480
CTGCGGGGCC	AGGCCCTGTT	GGTCAACTCT	TCC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

CCGTGGGAGC	CCCTGCAGCT	GCATGTGGAT	AAAGCCGTCA	GTGGCCTTCG	CAGCCTCACC	60
ACTCTGCTTC	GGGCTCTGGG	AGCCCAGAAG	GAAGCCATCT	CCCCTCCAGA	TGCGGCCCTCA	120
GCTGCTCCAC	TCCGAACAAT	CACTGCTGAC	ACTTTCCGCA	AACTCTTCCG	AGTCTACTCC	180
AATTTCCTCC	GGGGAAAGCT	GAAGCTGTAC	ACAGGGGAGG	CCTGCAGGAC	AGGGGACAGA	240
TGAGGCGGCG	GCTCCCCCCA	CCACGCCCTCA	TCTGTGACAG	CCGAGTCCTG	GAGAGGTACC	300
TCTTGAGGCG	CAAGGAGGCC	GAGAATATCA	CGACGGGCTG	TGCTGAACAC	TGCAGCTTGA	360
ATGAGAATAA	TCACTGTCCC	AGACACCAAA	GTTAATTTCT	ATGCCTGGAA	GAGGATGGAG	420
GTGCGGCAGC	AGGCCGTAGA	AGTCTGGCAG	GGCCTGGCCC	TGCTGTCGGA	AGCTGTCCTG	480
CGGGGCCAGG	CCCTGTTGGT	CAACTCTTCC	CAG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

TGGGAGCCCC	TGCAGCTGCA	TGTGGATAAA	GCCGTCAGTG	GCCTTCGCAG	CCTCACCACCT	60
CTGCTTCGGG	CTCTGGGAGC	CCAGAAGGAA	GCCATCTCCC	CTCCAGATGC	GGCCTCAGCT	120
GCTCCACTCC	GAACAATCAC	TGCTGACACT	TTCGCAAAC	TCTTCCGAGT	CTACTCCAAT	180
TTCTCTCGGG	GAAAGCTGAA	GCTGTACACA	GGGGAGGCCT	GCAGGACAGG	GGACAGATGA	240
GGCGGCGGCT	CCCCCACCAC	CGCCTCATCT	GTGACAGCCG	AGTCCTGGAG	AGGTACCTCT	300
TGGAGGCCAA	GGAGGCCGAG	AATATCACGA	CGGGCTGTGC	TGAACACTGC	AGCTTGAATG	360
AGAATAATCA	CTGTCCGAGA	CACCAAAGTT	AATTTCTATG	CCTGGAAGAG	GATGGAGGTC	420
GGGACAGCAG	CCGTAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGGC	CTGGCCCTGC	TGTCGGAAGC	TGTCCTGCGG	480
GGCCAGGCC	TGTTGGTCAA	CTCTCCCGAG	CCG			513

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

GAGCCCCTGC	AGCTGCATGT	GGATAAAGCC	GTCACTGGCC	TTCGCAGCCT	CACCACTCTG	60
CTTCGGGCTC	TGGGAGCCCA	GAAGGAAGCC	ATCTCCCCTC	CAGATGCGGC	CTCAGCTGCT	120
CCACTCCGAA	CAATCACTGC	TGACACTTTC	CGCAAACTCT	TCCGAGTCTA	CTCCAATTTC	180
CTCCGGGGAA	AGCTGAAGCT	GTACACAGGG	GAGGCCTGCA	GGACAGGGGA	CAGATGAGGC	240
GGCGGCTCCC	CCCACCACGC	CTCATCTGTG	ACAGCCGAGT	CCTGGAGAGG	TACCTCTTGG	300
AGGCCAAGGA	GGCCGAGAAT	ATCACGACGG	GCTGTGCTGA	ACACTGCAGC	TTGAATGAGA	360
ATAATCACTG	TCCCAGACAC	CAAAGTTAAT	TTCTATGCCT	GGAAGAGGAT	GGAGGTCGGG	420
CAGCAGGCCG	TAGAAGTCTG	GCAGGGCCTG	GCCCTGCTGT	CGGAAGCTGT	CCTGCGGGGC	480
CAGGCCCTGT	TGGTCAACTC	TTCCCAGCCG	TGG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:96:

CTTCGGGCTC	TGGGAGCCCA	GAAGGAAGCC	ATCTCCCCTC	CAGATGCGGC	CTCAGCTGCT	60
CCACTCCGAA	CAATCACTGC	TGACACTTTC	CGCAAACTCT	TCCGAGTCTA	CTCCAATTTC	120
CTCCGGGGAA	AGCTGAAGCT	GTACACAGGG	GAGGCCTGCA	GGACAGGGGA	CAGATGAGGC	180
GGCGGCTCCC	CCCACCACGC	CTCATCTGTG	ACAGCCGAGT	CCTGGAGAGG	TACCTCTTGG	240
AGGCCAAGGA	GGCCGAGAAT	ATCACGACGG	GCTGTGCTGA	ACACTGCAGC	TTGAATGAGA	300
ATAATCACTG	TCCCAGACAC	CAAAGTTAAT	TTCTATGCCT	GGAAGAGGAT	GGAGGTCGGG	360
CAGCAGGCCG	TAGAAGTCTG	GCAGGGCCTG	GCCCTGCTGT	CGGAAGCTGT	CCTGCGGGGC	420
CAGGCCCTGT	TGGTCAACTC	TTCCCAGCCG	TGGGAGCCCC	TGCAGCTGCA	TGTGGATAAA	480
CGCGTCAGTG	GCCTTCGCAG	CCTCACCCT	CTG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:97:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:97:

CGGGCTCTGG	GAGCCAGAA	GGAAGCCATC	TCCCCTCCAG	ATGCGGCCTC	AGCTGCTCCA	60
CTCCGAACAA	TCACTGCTGA	CACTTTCCGC	AAACTCTTCC	GAGTCTACTC	CAATTTCCCTC	120
CGGGGAAAGC	TGAAGCTGTA	CACAGGGGAG	GCCTGCAGGA	CAGGGGACAG	ATGAGGCGGC	180
GGCTCCCCC	ACCACGCCTC	ATCTGTGACA	GCCGAGTCCT	GGAGAGGTAC	CTCTTGAGG	240
CCAAGGAGGC	CGAGAATATC	ACGACGGGCT	GTGCTGAACA	CTGCAGCTTG	AATGAGAATA	300
ATCACTGTCC	CAGACACCAA	AGTTAATTTT	TATGCCTGGA	AGAGGATGGA	GGTCGGGCGAG	360
CAGGCCGTAG	AAGTCTGGCA	GGGCTTGGCC	CTGCTGTCTG	AAGCTGTCTC	GCGGGGCCAG	420
GCCCTGTTGG	TCAACTCTTC	CCAGCCGTGG	GAGCCCCTGC	AGCTGCATGT	GGATAAAGCC	480
GTCAGTGGCC	TTGCGAGCCT	CACCACTCTG	CTT			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

GCTCTGGGAG	CCCAGAAGGA	AGCCATCTCC	CCTCCAGATG	CGGCCTCAGC	TGCTCCACTC	60
CGAACATCA	CTGCTGACAC	TTTCCGCAAA	CTCTTCCGAG	TCTACTCCAA	TTTCTTCCGG	120

GGAAAGCTGA	AGCTGTACAC	AGGGGAGGCC	TGCAGGACAG	GGGACAGATG	AGGCGGCGGC	180
TCCCCCACC	ACGCCTCATC	TGTGACAGCC	GAGTCCTGGA	GAGGTACCTC	TTGGAGGCCA	240
AGGAGGCCGA	GAATATCACG	ACGGGCTGTG	CTGAACACTG	CAGCTTGAAT	GAGAATAATC	300
ACTGTCCCAG	ACACCAAAGT	TAATTTCTAT	GCCTGGAAGA	GGATGGAGGT	CGGGCAGCAG	360
GCCGTAGAAG	TCTGGCAGGG	CCTGGCCCTG	CTGTGCGAAG	CTGTCTGCG	GGGCCAGGCC	420
CTGTTGGTCA	ACTCTTCCCA	GCCGTGGGAG	CCCCTGCAGC	TGCATGTGGA	TAAAGCCGTC	480
AGTGGCCTTC	GCAGCCTCAC	CACTCTGCTT	CGG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

CTGGGAGCCC	AGAAGGAAGC	CATCTCCCCT	CCAGATGCGG	CCTCAGCTGC	TCCACTCCGA	60
ACAATCACTG	CTGACACTTT	CCGCAAATC	TTCCGAGTCT	ACTCCAATTT	CCTCCGGGGA	120
AAGCTGAAGC	TGTACACAGG	GGAGGCCTGC	AGGACAGGGG	ACAGATGAGG	CGGCGGCTCC	180
CCCCACCACG	CCTCATCTGT	GACAGCCGAG	TCCTGGAGAG	GTACCTCTTG	GAGGCCAAGG	240
AGGCCGAGAA	TATCACGACG	GGCTGTGCTG	AACACTGCAG	CTTGAATGAG	AATAATCACT	300
GTCCCAGACA	CCAAAGTTAA	TTTCTATGCC	TGGAAGAGGA	TGGAGGTTCG	GCAGCAGGCC	360
GTAGAAGTCT	GGCAGGGCCT	GGCCCTGCTG	TCGGAAGCTG	TCCTGCGGGG	CCAGGCCCTG	420
TTGGTCAACT	CTTCCCAGCC	GTGGGAGCCC	CTGCAGCTGC	ATGTGGATAA	AGCCGTCAGT	480
GGCCTTCGCA	GCCTCACCAC	TCTGCTTCGG	GTC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

GGAGCCCAGA	AGGAAGCCAT	CTCCCCCTCCA	GATGCGGCCCT	CAGCTGCTCC	ACTCCGAACA	60
ATCACTGCTG	ACACTTTCCG	CAAACCTTTC	CGAGTCTACT	CCAATTTTCCT	CCGGGGAAAG	120
CTGAAGCTGT	ACACAGGGGA	GGCCTGCAGG	ACAGGGGACA	GATGAGGCGG	CGGCTCCCCC	180
CACCACGCCT	CATCTGTGAC	AGCCGAGTCC	TGGAGAGGTA	CCTCTTGGAG	GCCAAGGAGG	240
CCGAGAATAT	CACGACGGGC	TGTGCTGAAC	ACTGCAGCTT	GAATGAGAAT	AATCACTGTC	300
CCAGACACCA	AAGTTAATTT	CTATGCCTGG	AAGAGGATGG	AGGTCGGGCA	GCAGGCCGTA	360
GAAGTCTGGC	AGGGCCTGGC	CCTGCTGTCTG	GAACTGTGTC	TGCGGGGCCA	GGCCCTGTTG	420
GTCAACTCTT	CCCAGCCGTG	GGAGCCCCCTG	CAGCTGCATG	TGGATAAAGC	CGTCAGTGCC	480
CTTCGCAGCC	TCACCACTCT	GCTTCGGGCT	CTG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

GCCCAGAAGG	AAGCCATCTC	CCCTCCAGAT	GCGGCCTCAG	CTGCTCCACT	CCGAACAATC	60
ACTGCTGACA	CTTTCCGCAA	ACTCTTCCGA	GTCTACTCCA	ATTTCCCTCCG	GGGAAAGCTG	120
AAGCTGTACA	CAGGGGAGGC	CTGCAGGACA	GGGACAGAT	GAGGCGGCGG	CTCCCCCAC	180
CACGCCTCAT	CTGTGACAGC	CGAGTCCTGG	AGAGGTACCT	CTTGGAGGCC	AAGGAGGCCG	240
AGAATATCAC	GACGGGCTGT	GCTGAACACT	GCAGCTTGAA	TGAGAATAAT	CACTGTCCCA	300
GACACCAAAG	TTAATTTCTA	TGCCCTGGAAG	AGGATGGAGG	TCGGGCAGCA	GGCCGTAGAA	360
GTCTGGCAGG	GCCTGGCCCT	GCTGTGCGAA	GCTGTCTCTG	GGGGCCAGGC	CCTGTTGGTC	420
AACTCTTCCC	AGCCGTGGGA	GCCCTGCAG	CTGCATGTGG	ATAAAGCCGT	CAGTGGCCTT	480
CGCAGCCTCA	CCACTCTGCT	TCGGGCTCTG	GGA			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:102:

CAGAAGGAAG	CCATCTCCCC	TCCAGATGCG	GCCTCAGCTG	CTCCACTCCG	AACAATCACT	60
GCTGACACTT	TCCGCAAAC	CTTCCGAGTC	TACTCCAATT	TCCTCCGGGG	AAAGCTGAAG	120
CTGTACACAG	GGGAGGCCTG	CAGGACAGGG	GACAGATGAG	GCGGCGGCTC	CCCCACCAC	180
GCCTCATCTG	TGACAGCCGA	GTCTGGAGA	GGTACCTCTT	GGAGGCCAAG	GAGGCCGAGA	240
ATATCACGAC	GGGCTGTGCT	GAACACTGCA	GCTTGAATGA	GAATAATCAC	TGTCCCAGAC	300
ACCAAAGTTA	ATTTCTATGC	CTGGAAGAGG	ATGGAGGTCG	GGCAGCAGGC	CGTAGAAGTC	360
TGGCAGGGCC	TGGCCCTGCT	GTCGGAAGCT	GTCTGCGGG	GCCAGGCCCT	GTTGGTCAAC	420
TCTTCCCAGC	CGTGGGAGCC	CCTGCAGCTG	CATGTGGATA	AAGCCGTCAG	TGGCCTTCGC	480
AGCCTCACCA	CTCTGCTTCG	GGCTCTGGGA	GCC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:103:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:103:

AAGGAAGCCA	TCTCCCCTCC	AGATGCGGCC	TCAGCTGCTC	CACTCCGAAC	AATCACTGCT	60
GACACTTTCC	GCAAACCTCT	CCGAGTCTAC	TCCAATTTCC	TCCGGGGAAA	GCTGAAGCTG	120
TACACAGGGG	AGGCCTGCAG	GACAGGGGAC	AGATGAGGCG	GCGGCTCCCC	CCACCACGCC	180
TCATCTGTGA	CAGCCGAGTC	CTGGAGAGGT	ACCTCTTGGA	GGCCAAGGAG	GCCGAGAATA	240
TCACGACGGG	CTGTGCTGAA	CACTGCAGCT	TGAATGAGAA	TAATCACTGT	CCCAGACACC	300
AAAGTTAATT	TCTATGCCTG	GAAGAGGATG	GAGGTCGGGC	AGCAGGCCGT	AGAAGTCTGG	360
CAGGGCCTGG	CCCTGCTGTC	GGAAGCTGTC	CTGCGGGGCC	AGGCCCTGTT	GGTCAACTCT	420
TCCCAGCCGT	GGGAGCCCC	GCAGCTGCAT	GTGGATAAAG	CCGTCACTGG	CCTTCGCAGC	480
CTCACCCTC	TGCTTCGGGC	TCTGGGAGCC	CAG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:104:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

GAAGCCATCT	CCCCCTCCAGA	TGCGGCCTCA	GCTGCTCCAC	TCCGAACAAT	CACTGCTGAC	60
ACTTTCCGCA	AACTCTTCCG	AGTCTACTCC	AATTTCTCTC	GGGGAAAGCT	GAAGCTGTAC	120
ACAGGGGAGG	CCTGCAGGAC	AGGGGACAGA	TGAGGCGGCG	GCTCCCCCCA	CCACGCCTCA	180
TCTGTGACAG	CCGAGTCCTG	GAGAGGTACC	TCTTGGAGGC	CAAGGAGGCC	GAGAATATCA	240
CGACGGGCTG	TGCTGAACAC	TGCAGCTTGA	ATGAGAATAA	TCACTGTCCC	AGACACCAAA	300
GTTAATTTCT	ATGCCTGGAA	GAGGATGGAG	GTCGGGCAGC	AGGCCGTAGA	AGTCTGGCAG	360
GGCCTGGCCC	TGCTGTGCGA	AGCTGTCTCT	CGGGGCCAGG	CCCTGTTGGT	CAACTCTTCC	420
CAGCCGTGGG	AGCCCCTGCA	GCTGCATGTG	GATAAAGCCG	TCAGTGGCCT	TCGCAGCCTC	480
ACCACTCTGC	TTCGGGCTCT	GGGAGCCAG	AAG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

GCCATCTCCC	CTCCAGATGC	GGCCTCAGCT	GCTCCACTCC	GAACAATCAC	TGCTGACACT	60
TTCCGCAAAC	TCTTCCGAGT	CTACTCCAAT	TTCCTCCGGG	GAAAGCTGAA	GCTGTACACA	120
GGGGAGGCCT	GCAGGACAGG	GGACAGATGA	GGCGGCGGCT	CCCCCACCAC	CGCCTCATCT	180
GTGACAGCCG	AGTCTGGAG	AGGTACCTCT	TGGAGGCCAA	GGAGGCCGAG	AATATCACGA	240
CGGGCTGTGC	TGAACACTGC	AGCTTGAATG	AGAATAATCA	CTGTCCCAGA	CACCAAAGTT	300
AATTTCTATG	CCTGGAAGAG	GATGGAGGTC	GGGCAGCAGG	CCGTAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGGC	360
CTGGCCCTGC	TGTCGGAAGC	TGTCCTGCGG	GGCCAGGCC	TGTTGGTCAA	CTCTTCCCAG	420
CCGTGGGAGC	CCCTGCAGCT	GCATGTGGAT	AAAGCCGTCA	GTGGCCTTCG	CAGCCTCACC	480
ACTCTGCTTC	GGGCTCTGGG	AGCCCAGAAG	GAA			513

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CCAGATGCGG CCTCAGTGC TCCACTCCGA ACAATCACTG CTGACACTTT CCGCAAATC 60
TTCCGAGTCT ACTCCAATT CTCTCCGGGA AAGCTGAAGC TGTACACAGG GGAGGCCTGC 120

AGGACAGGGG	ACAGATGAGG	CGGCGGCTCC	CCCCACCACG	CCTCATCTGT	GACAGCCGAG	180
TCCTGGAGAG	GTACCTCTTG	GAGGCCAAGG	AGGCCGAGAA	TATCACGACG	GGCTGTGCTG	240
AACACTGCAG	CTTGAATGAG	AATAATCACT	GTCCCAGACA	CCAAAGTTAA	TTTCTATGCC	300
TGGAAGAGGA	TGGAGGTCGG	GCAGCAGGCC	GTAGAAGTCT	GGCAGGGCCT	GGCCCTGCTG	360
TCGGAAGCTG	TCCTGCGGGG	CCAGGCCCTG	TTGGTCAACT	CTTCCCAGCC	GTGGGAGCCC	420
CTGCAGCTGC	ATGTGGATAA	AGCCGTCAGT	GGCCTTCGCA	GCCTCACCAC	TCTGCTTCGG	480
GCTCTGGGAG	CCCAGAAGGA	AGCCATCTCC	CCT			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:110:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:110:

GATCGGGCCT	CAGCTGCTCC	ACTCCGAACA	ATCACTGCTG	ACACTTTCCG	CAAACCTCTC	60
CGAGTCTACT	CCAATTTCC	CCGGGGAAG	CTGAAGCTGT	ACACAGGGGA	GGCCTGCAGG	120
ACAGGGGACA	GATGAGGCGG	CGGCTCCCC	CACCACGCCT	CATCTGTGAC	AGCCGAGTCC	180
TGGAGAGGTA	CCTCTTGGAG	GCCAAGGAGG	CCGAGAATAT	CACGACGGGC	TGTGCTGAAC	240
ACTGCAGCTT	GAATGAGAAT	AATCACTGTC	CCAGACACCA	AAGTTAATTT	CTATGCCCTG	300
AAGAGGATGG	AGGTGCGGCA	GCAGGCCGTA	GAAGTCTGGC	AGGGCCTGGC	CCTGCTGTCG	360
GAAGCTGTCC	TGCGGGGCCA	GGCCCTGTTG	GTCAACTCTT	CCCAGCCGTG	GGAGCCCTG	420
CAGCTGCATG	TGGATAAAGC	CGTCAGTGGC	CTTCGCAGCC	TCACCACCTCT	GCTTCGGGCT	480
CTGGGAGCCC	AGAAGGAAGC	CATCTCCCT	CCA			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:111:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:111:

GCGGCCCTCAG	CTGCTCCACT	CCGAACAATC	ACTGCTGACA	CTTTCCGCAA	ACTCTTCCGA	60
GTCTACTCCA	ATTTCCTCCG	GGGAAAGCTG	AAGCTGTACA	CAGGGGAGGC	CTGCAGGACA	120
GGGGACAGAT	GAGGCGGCGG	CTCCCCCAC	CACGCCTCAT	CTGTGACAGC	CGAGTCCCTG	180
AGAGGTACCT	CTTGGAGGCC	AAGGAGGCCG	AGAATATCAC	GACGGGCTGT	GCTGAACACT	240
GCAGCTTGAA	TGAGAATAAT	CACGTCCCCA	GACACCAAAG	TTAATTTCTA	TGCCTGGAAG	300
AGGATGGAGG	TCGGGCAGCA	GGCCGTAGAA	GTCTGGCAGG	GCCTGGCCCT	GCTGTGCGAA	360
GCTGTCCCTG	GGGGCCAGGC	CCTGTTGGTC	AACTCTTCCC	AGCCGTGGGA	GGCCCTGCAG	420
CTGCATGTGG	ATAAAGCCGT	CAGTGGCCTT	CGCAGCCTCA	CCACTCTGCT	TCGGGCTCTG	480
GGAGCCCAGA	AGGAAGCCAT	CTCCCCCTCA	GAT			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:112:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:112:

GCCTCAGCTG	CTCCACTCCG	AACAATCACT	GCTGACACTT	TCCGCAAAC	CTTCCGAGTC	60
TACTCCAATT	TCCTCCGGGG	AAAGCTGAAG	CTGTACACAG	GGGAGGCCTG	CAGGACAGGG	120
GACAGATGAG	GCGGCGGCTC	CCCCACCAC	GCCTCATCTG	TGACAGCCGA	GTCCTGGAGA	180
GGTACCTCTT	GGAGGCCAAG	GAGGCCGAGA	ATATCACGAC	GGGCTGTGCT	GAACACTGCA	240
GCTTGAATGA	GAATAATCAC	TGTCCCAGAC	ACCAAAGTTA	ATTCTATGCT	CTGGAAGAGG	300
ATGGAGGTG	GCGCAGGCG	CGTAGAAGTC	TGGCAGGGCC	TGGCCCTGCT	GTCGGAAGCT	360
GTCCTGCGGG	GCCAGGCCCT	GTTGGTCAAC	TCTTCCCAGC	CGTGGGAGCC	CCTGCAGCTG	420
CATGTGGATA	AAGCCGTCAG	TGGCCTTCG	AGCCTCACCA	CTCTGCTTCG	GGCTCTGGGA	480
GCCCAGAAGG	AAGCCATCTC	CCCTCCAGAT	GCG			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:113:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:113:

TCAGTGTCTC	CACTCCGAAC	AATCACTGCT	GACACTTTCC	GCAAACCTCT	CCGAGTCTAC	60
TCCAATTTCC	TCCGGGGAAA	GCTGAAGCTG	TACACAGGGG	AGGCCTGCAG	GACAGGGGAC	120
AGATGAGGCG	GCGGCTCCCC	CCACCACGCC	TCATCTGTGA	CAGCCGAGTC	CTGGAGAGGT	180
ACCTCTTGGA	GGCCAAGGAG	GCCGAGAATA	TCACGACGGG	CTGTGCTGAA	CACTGCAGCT	240
TGAATGAGAA	TAATCACTGT	CCCAGACACC	AAAGTTAAT	TCTATGCCTG	GAAGAGGATG	300
GAGGTCCGGC	AGCAGGCCGT	AGAAGTCTGG	CAGGGCCTGG	CCCTGCTGTC	GGAAGCTGTC	360
CTGCGGGGCC	AGGCCCTGTT	GGTCAACTCT	TCCCAGCCGT	GGGAGCCCTT	GCAGCTGCAT	420
GTGGATAAAG	CCGTCAGTGG	CCTTCGCAGC	CTCACCACCT	TGCTTCGGGC	TCTGGGAGCC	480
CAGAAGGAAG	CCATCTCCCC	TCCAGATGCG	GCC			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:114:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:114:

GCTGTCTCCAC	TCCGAACAAT	CACTGCTGAC	ACTTTCGCCA	AACTCTTCCG	AGTCTACTCC	60
AATTTCTCTCC	GGGGAAGACT	GAAGCTGTAC	ACAGGGGAGG	CCTGCAGGAC	AGGGGACAGA	120
TGAGGCGGGC	GCTCCCCCA	CCACGCCTCA	TCTGTGACAG	CCGAGTCCTG	GAGAGGTACC	180
TCTTGAGAGC	CAAGGAGGCC	GAGAATATCA	CGACGGGCTG	TGCTGAACAC	TGCAGCTTGA	240
ATGAGAATAA	TCACTGTCCC	AGACACCAAA	GTTAATTTCT	ATGCCTGGAA	GAGGATGGAG	300
GTCCGGGCAG	AGGCCGTAGA	AGTCTGGCAG	GGCCTGGCCC	TGCTGTCCGA	AGCTGTCTCT	360
CGGGGCCAGG	CCCTGTTGGT	CAACTCTTCC	CAGCCGTGGG	AGCCCCTGCA	GCTGCATGTG	420
GATAAAGCCG	TCAGTGGCCT	TCCGAGCCTC	ACCACTCTGC	TTCCGGGCTCT	GGGAGCCAG	480
AAGGAAGCCA	TCTCCCTTCC	AGATGCGGCC	TCA			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:115:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:115:

GCTCCACTCC	GAACAATCAC	TGCTGACACT	TTCCGC AAAC	TCTTCCGAGT	CTACTCCAAT	60
TTCTTCCGGG	GAAAGCTGAA	GCTGTACACA	GGGGAGGCCCT	GCAGGACAGG	GGACAGATGA	120
GGCGGGGGCT	CCCCCACCA	CGCTCATCT	GTGACAGCCG	AGTCCTGGAG	AGGTACCTCT	180
TGGAGGCCAA	GGAGGCCGAG	AATATCACGA	CGGGCTGTGC	TGAACACTGC	AGCTTGAATG	240
AGAATAATCA	CTGTCCCAGA	CACCAAAGTT	AATTTCTATG	CCTGGAAGAG	GATGGAGGTC	300
GGGCAGCAGG	CCGTAGAAGT	CTGGCAGGGC	CTGGCCCTGC	TGTCGGAAGC	TGTCCTGCGG	360
GGCCAGGCCC	TGTTGGTCAA	CTCTTCCCAG	CCGTGGGAGC	CCCTGCAGCT	GCATGTGGAT	420
AAAGCCGTCA	GTGGCCTTCG	CAGCCTCACC	ACTCTGCTTC	GGGCTCTGGG	AGCCCAGAAG	480
GAAGCCATCT	CCCCTCCAGA	TGCGGCCTCA	GCT			513

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:116:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:116:

CCACTCCGAA	CAATCACTGC	TGACACTTTC	CGCAAACCTCT	TCCGAGTCTA	CTCCAATTTT	60
CTCCGGGGAA	AGCTGAAGCT	GTACACAGGG	GAGGCCTGCA	GGACAGGGGA	CAGATGAGGC	120
GGCGGCTCCC	CCCACCACGC	CTCATCTGTG	ACAGCCGAGT	CCTGGAGAGG	TACCTCTTGG	180
AGGCCAAGGA	GGCCGAGAAT	ATCACGACGG	GCTGTGCTGA	ACACTGCAGC	TTGAATGAGA	240
ATAATCACTG	TCCCAGACAC	CAAAGTTAAT	TTCTATGCCT	GGAAGAGGAT	GGAGGTCGGG	300
CAGCAGGCCG	TAGAAGTCTG	GCAGGGCCTG	GCCCTGCTGT	CGGAAGCTGT	CCTGCGGGGC	360
CAGGCCCTGT	TGGTCAACTC	TTCCCAGCCG	TGGGAGCCCC	TGCAGCTGCA	TGTGGATAAA	420
GCCGTCAGTG	GCCTTCGCAG	CCTCACCAC	CTGCTTCGGG	CTCTGGGAGC	CCAGAAGGAA	480
GCCATCTCCC	CTCCAGATGC	GGCCTCAGCT	GCT			513

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:117:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:118:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:119:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 513 base pairs
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:119:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:120:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 501 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:120:

GCCCCACCAC GCCTCATCTG TGACAGCCGA GTCCTGGAGA GGTACCTCTT GGAGGCCAAG 60
 GAGGCCGAGA ATATCACGAC GGGCTGTGCT GAACACTGCA GCTTGAATGA GAATATCACT 120

```

GTCCCAGACA CCAAAGTTAA TTTCTATGCC TGAAGAGGA TGGAGGTCGG GCAGCAGGCC 180
GTAGAAGTCT GGCAGGGCCT GGCCCTGCTG TCGGAAGCTG TCCTGCGGGG CCAGGCCCTG 240
TTGGTCAACT CTTCCCAGCC GTGGGAGCCC CTGCAGCTGC ATGTGGATAA AGCCGTCAGT 300
GGCCTTCGCA GCCTCACCAC TCTGCTTCGG GCTCTGGGAG CCCAGAAGGA AGCCATCTCC 360
CCTCCAGATG CGGCCTCAGC TGCTCCACTC CGAACAATCA CTGCTGACAC TTTCCGCAAA 420
CTCTTCCGAG TCTACTCCAA TTTCTCCCGG GGAAGCTGA AGCTGTACAC AGGGGAGGCC 480
TGCAGGACAG GGGACAGATG A 501

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 166 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:121:

```

Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Arg Tyr Leu
1      5      10      15
Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys Ala Glu His
20      25      30
Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe
35      40      45
Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp
50      55      60
Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu
65      70      75      80
Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp
85      90      95
Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu
100     105     110
Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala
115     120     125
Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val
130     135     140
Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala
145     150     155     160
Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg
165

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:122:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 170 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:122:

```

Thr Val Pro Asp Thr Lys Val Asn Phe Tyr Ala Trp Lys Arg Met Glu
1      5      10      15
Val Gly Gln Gln Ala Val Glu Val Trp Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser
20      25      30
Glu Ala Val Leu Arg Gly Gln Ala Leu Leu Val Asn Ser Ser Gln Pro
35      40      45
Trp Glu Pro Leu Gln Leu His Val Asp Lys Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Arg
50      55      60
Ser Leu Thr Thr Leu Leu Arg Ala Leu Gly Ala Gln Lys Glu Ala Ile
65      70      75      80
Ser Pro Pro Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Ala Pro Leu Arg Thr Ile Thr Ala
85      90      95
Asp Thr Phe Arg Lys Leu Phe Arg Val Tyr Ser Asn Phe Leu Arg Gly
100     105     110
Lys Leu Lys Leu Tyr Thr Gly Glu Ala Cys Arg Thr Gly Asp Arg Gly
115     120     125
Gly Gly Ser Ala Pro Pro Arg Leu Ile Cys Asp Ser Arg Val Leu Glu
130     135     140
Arg Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ala Lys Glu Ala Glu Asn Ile Thr Thr Gly Cys
145     150     155     160
Ala Glu His Cys Ser Leu Asn Glu Asn Ile
165     170

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:123:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 4 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:123:

Gly Gly Gly Ser
1

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:124:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:124:

Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:125:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:125:

Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Ser
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:126:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:126:

Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Gly Ser
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:127:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 5 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:127:

Glu Phe Gly Asn Met
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:128:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:128:

Glu Phe Gly Gly Asn Met
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:129:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 9 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:129:

Glu Phe Gly Gly Asn Gly Gly Asn Met
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:130:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: None

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:130:

Gly Gly Ser Asp Met Ala Gly
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:131:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 27 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:131:

GCGCGCCCAT GGACAATCAC TGCTGAC

27

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 15 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:132:

TCTGTCCCCT GTCCT

15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:133:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 43 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A human EPO receptor agonist polypeptide,
comprising a modified EPO amino acid sequence of the
5 Formula:

```

AlaProProArgLeuIleCysAspSerArgValLeuGluArgTyrLeuLeuGluAlaLys
                                10                                20
10  GluAlaGluAsnIleThrThrGlyCysAlaGluHisCysSerLeuAsnGluAsnIleThr
                                30                                40
ValProAspThrLysValAsnPheTyrAlaTrpLysArgMetGluValGlyGlnGlnAla
                                50                                60
15  ValGluValTrpGlnGlyLeuAlaLeuLeuSerGluAlaValLeuArgGlyGlnAlaLeu
                                70                                80
LeuValAsnSerSerGlnProTrpGluProLeuGlnLeuHisValAspLysAlaValSer
20  GlyLeuArgSerLeuThrThrLeuLeuArgAlaLeuGlyAlaGlnLysGluAlaIleSer
                                90                                100
GlyLeuArgSerLeuThrThrLeuLeuArgAlaLeuGlyAlaGlnLysGluAlaIleSer
                                110                               120
25  ProProAspAlaAlaSerAlaAlaProLeuArgThrIleThrAlaAspThrPheArgLys
                                130                                140
LeuPheArgValTyrSerAsnPheLeuArgGlyLysLeuLysLeuTyrThrGlyGluAla
                                150                                160
30  CysArgThrGlyAspArg SEQ ID NO:121
                                166

```

wherein optionally 1-6 amino acids from the N-
35 terminus and 1-5 from the C-terminus can be deleted
from said EPO receptor agonist polypeptide;

wherein the N-terminus is joined to the C-terminus
directly or through a linker capable of joining the
40 N-terminus to the C-terminus and having new C- and N-
termini at amino acids;

23-24	48-49	111-112
24-25	50-51	112-113
25-26	51-52	113-114
26-27	52-53	114-115
27-28	53-54	115-116
28-29	54-55	116-117
29-30	55-56	117-118
30-31	56-57	118-119

31-32	57-58	119-120
32-33	77-78	120-121
33-34	78-79	121-122
34-35	79-80	122-123
35-36	80-81	123-124
36-37	81-82	124-125
37-38	82-83	125-126
38-39	84-85	126-127
40-41	85-86	127-128
41-42	86-87	128-129
43-44	87-88	129-130
44-45	88-89	130-131
45-46	108-109	131-132
46-47	109-110	respectively; and
47-48	110-111	

said EPO receptor agonist polypeptide may optionally be immediately preceded by (methionine⁻¹), (alanine⁻¹) or (methionine⁻², alanine⁻¹).

5

2. The EPO receptor agonist polypeptide, as recited in claim 1, wherein said linker is selected from the group consisting of;

10 GlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:123;
 GlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:124;
 GlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID
 NO:125;
 SerGlyGlySerGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:126;
 15 GluPheGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:127;
 GluPheGlyGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:128;
 GluPheGlyGlyAsnGlyGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:129; and
 GlyGlySerAspMetAlaGly SEQ ID NO:130.

20 3. The EPO receptor agonist polypeptide of claim 1 selected from the group consisting of;
 SEQ ID NO:1; SEQ ID NO:2; SEQ ID NO:3; SEQ ID
 NO:4; SEQ ID NO:5; SEQ ID NO:6; SEQ ID NO:7;
 SEQ ID NO:8; SEQ ID NO:9; SEQ ID NO:10; SEQ ID
 25 NO:11; SEQ ID NO:12; SEQ ID NO:13; SEQ ID
 NO:14; SEQ ID NO:15; SEQ ID NO:16; SEQ ID
 NO:17; SEQ ID NO:18; SEQ ID NO:19; SEQ ID
 NO:20; SEQ ID NO:21; SEQ ID NO:22; SEQ ID
 NO:23; SEQ ID NO:24; SEQ ID NO:25; SEQ ID

NO:26; SEQ ID NO:27; SEQ ID NO:28; SEQ ID
 NO:29; SEQ ID NO:30; SEQ ID NO:31; SEQ ID
 NO:32; SEQ ID NO:33; SEQ ID NO:34; SEQ ID
 NO:35; SEQ ID NO:36; SEQ ID NO:37; SEQ ID
 5 NO:38; SEQ ID NO:39; SEQ ID NO:40; SEQ ID
 NO:41; SEQ ID NO:42; SEQ ID NO:43; SEQ ID
 NO:44; SEQ ID NO:45; SEQ ID NO:46; SEQ ID
 NO:47; SEQ ID NO:48; SEQ ID NO:49; SEQ ID
 NO:50; SEQ ID NO:51; SEQ ID NO:52; SEQ ID
 10 NO:53; SEQ ID NO:54; SEQ ID NO:55; SEQ ID
 NO:56; SEQ ID NO:57; SEQ ID NO:58; SEQ ID
 NO:59 and SEQ ID NO:122.

4. The EPO receptor agonist polypeptide of
 15 claim 3 wherein the linker sequence (GlyGlyGlyGlySer
 SEQ ID NO:123) is replaced by a linker sequence
 selected from the group consisting of;

GlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:124;
 20 GlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySerGlyGlyGlySer SEQ ID
 NO:125;
 SerGlyGlySerGlyGlySer SEQ ID NO:126;
 GluPheGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:127;
 GluPheGlyGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:128;
 25 GluPheGlyGlyAsnGlyGlyAsnMet SEQ ID NO:129; and
 GlyGlySerAspMetAlaGly SEQ ID NO:130.

5. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a DNA
 sequence encoding the EPO receptor agonist
 30 polypeptide of claim 1.

6. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a DNA
 sequence encoding the EPO receptor agonist
 polypeptide of claim 2.

35

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7. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a DNA sequence encoding the EPO receptor agonist polypeptide of claim 3.

5 8. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a DNA sequence encoding the EPO receptor agonist polypeptide of claim 3 selected from the group consisting of;

10 SEQ ID NO:60; SEQ ID NO:61; SEQ ID NO:62; SEQ ID NO:63; SEQ ID NO:64; SEQ ID NO:65; SEQ ID NO:66; SEQ ID NO:67; SEQ ID NO:68; SEQ ID NO:69; SEQ ID NO:70; SEQ ID NO:71; SEQ ID NO:72; SEQ ID NO:73; SEQ ID NO:74; SEQ ID NO:75; SEQ ID NO:76; SEQ ID NO:77; SEQ ID NO:78; SEQ ID NO:79; SEQ ID NO:80; SEQ ID NO:81; SEQ ID NO:82; SEQ ID NO:83; SEQ ID NO:84; SEQ ID NO:85; SEQ ID NO:86; SEQ ID NO:87; SEQ ID NO:88; SEQ ID NO:89; SEQ ID NO:90; SEQ ID NO:91; SEQ ID NO:92; SEQ ID NO:93; SEQ ID NO:94; SEQ ID NO:95; SEQ ID NO:96; SEQ ID NO:97; SEQ ID NO:98; SEQ ID NO:99; SEQ ID NO:100; SEQ ID NO:101; SEQ ID NO:102; SEQ ID NO:103; SEQ ID NO:104; SEQ ID NO:105; SEQ ID NO:106; SEQ ID NO:107; SEQ ID NO:108; SEQ ID NO:109; SEQ ID NO:110; SEQ ID NO:111; SEQ ID NO:112; SEQ ID NO:113; SEQ ID NO:114; SEQ ID NO:115; SEQ ID NO:116; SEQ ID NO:117; SEQ ID NO:118 and SEQ ID NO:119.

30 9. A nucleic acid molecule comprising a DNA sequence encoding the EPO receptor agonist polypeptide of claim 4.

35 10. A method of producing a EPO receptor agonist polypeptide comprising: growing under suitable nutrient conditions, a host cell transformed or transfected with a replicable vector comprising said nucleic acid molecule of claim 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9

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in a manner allowing expression of said EPO receptor agonist polypeptide and recovering said EPO receptor agonist polypeptide.

5 11. A composition comprising; a EPO receptor agonist polypeptide according to claim 1, 2, 3 or 4; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

10 12. A composition comprising; a EPO receptor agonist polypeptide according to claim 1, 2, 3 or 4; a factor; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

15 13. The composition of claim 12 wherein said factor is selected from the group consisting of: GM-CSF, G-CSF, c-mpl ligand, M-CSF, IL-1, IL-4, IL-2, IL-3, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-15, LIF, flt3/flk2 ligand, human growth hormone, B-cell growth factor, B-cell differentiation factor, eosinophil differentiation factor and stem
20 cell factor, IL-3 variants, fusion proteins, G-CSF receptor agonists, c-mpl receptor agonists, IL-3 receptor agonists, multi-functional receptor agonists.

25 14. A method of stimulating the production of hematopoietic cells in a patient comprising the step of; administering a EPO receptor agonist polypeptide of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4, to said patient.

30 15. A method for selective ex vivo expansion of erythroid progenitors, comprising the steps of;
 (a) culturing erythroid progenitor cells in a culture medium, comprising; a polypeptide of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4; and
35 (b) harvesting said cultured cells.

16. A method for selective ex vivo expansion of erythroid progenitors, comprising the steps of;

(a) separating erythroid progenitor cells from other cells;

5 (b) culturing said separated erythroid progenitor cells with a selected culture medium comprising a polypeptide of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4; and

(c) harvesting said cultured cells.

10 17. A method for treatment of a patient having a hematopoietic disorder, comprising the steps of;

(a) removing erythroid progenitor cells;

(b) culturing said erythroid progenitor cells in a culture medium, comprising; a polypeptide of claim
15 1, 2, 3 or 4;

(c) harvesting said cultured cells; and

(d) transplanting said cultured cells into said patient.

20 18. A method for treatment of a patient having a hematopoietic disorder, comprising the steps of;

(a) removing erythroid progenitor cells;

(b) separating erythroid progenitor cells from other cells;

25 (c) culturing said separated erythroid progenitor cells with a selected culture medium comprising a polypeptide of claim 1, 2, 3 or 4;

(d) harvesting said cultured cells; and

(e) transplanting said cultured cells into said
30 patient.

19. A method of claim 15 wherein said erythroid progenitor cells are isolated from peripheral blood.

35 20. A method of claim 16 wherein said erythroid progenitor cells are isolated from peripheral blood.

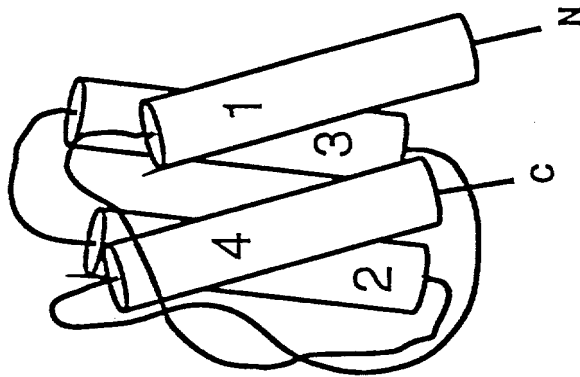
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21. A method of claim 17 wherein said erythroid progenitor cells are isolated from peripheral blood.

22. A method of claim 18 wherein said erythroid
5 progenitor cells are isolated from peripheral blood.

Approved for Release

Native Protein



Sequence Rearranged Protein

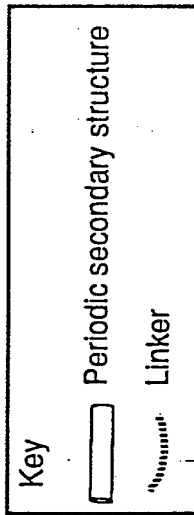
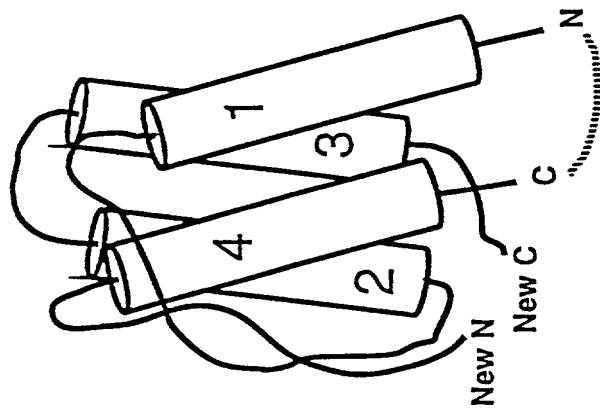
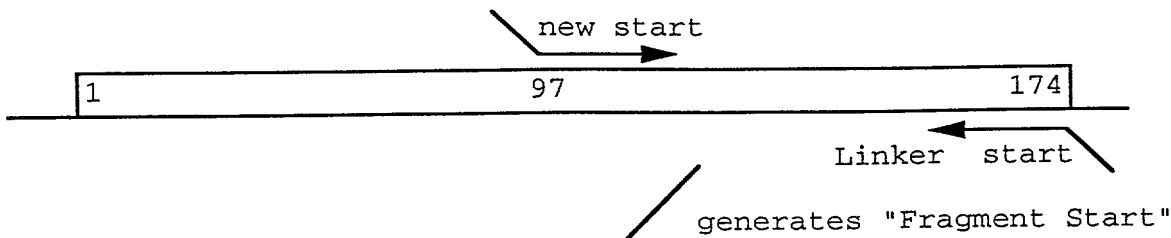
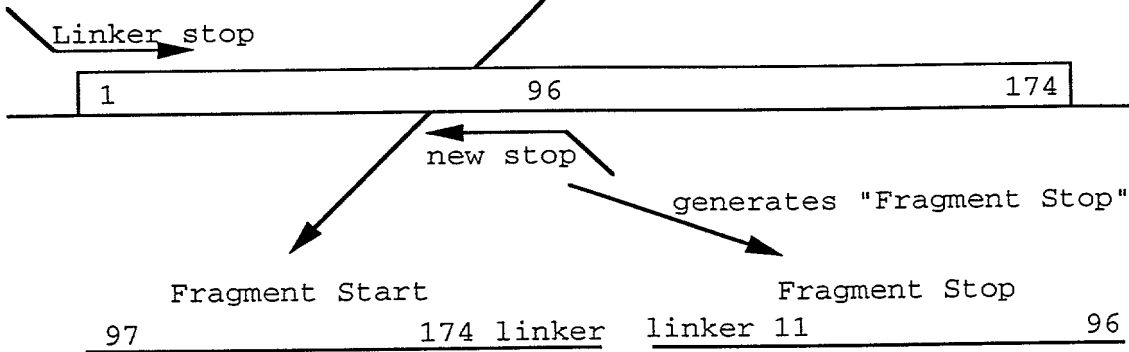


Figure 1

first step PCR amplification



second step PCR amplification



third step PCR amplification

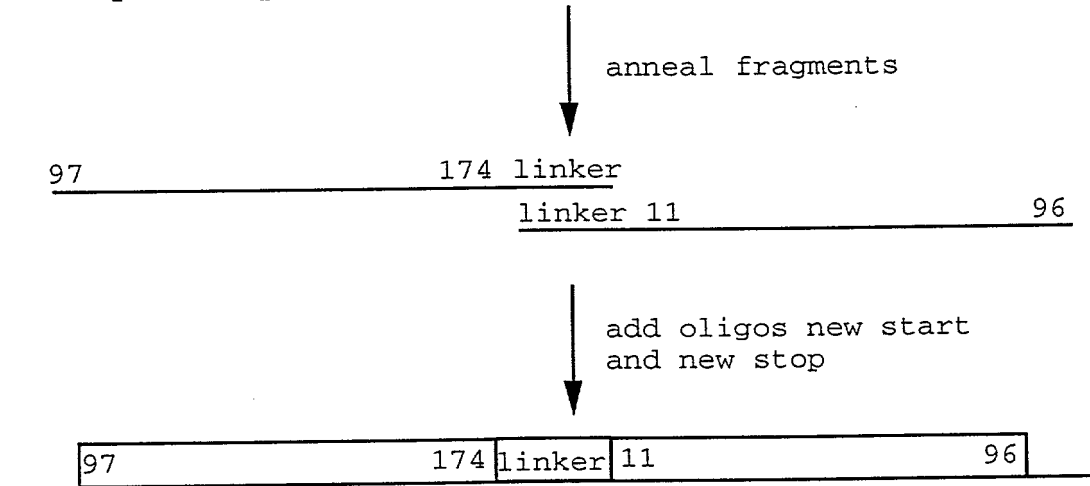
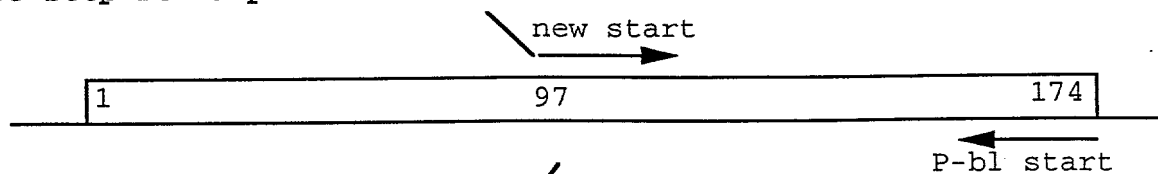
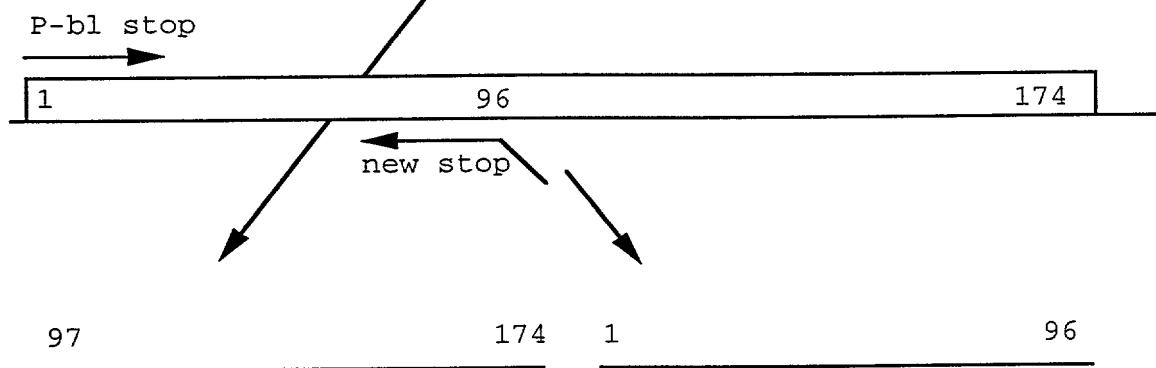


Figure 2.

first step PCR amplification



second step PCR amplification



ligate fragments

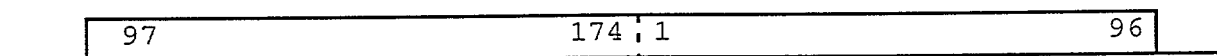
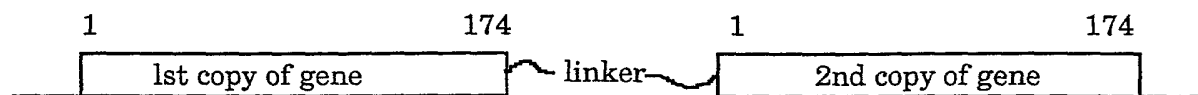


Figure 3.

I. Construct tandemly-duplicated template



II. PCR-amplify tandemly-duplicated template

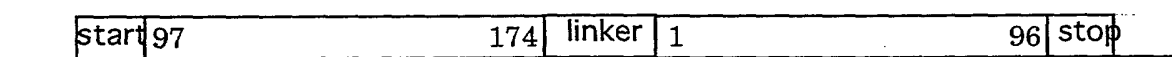
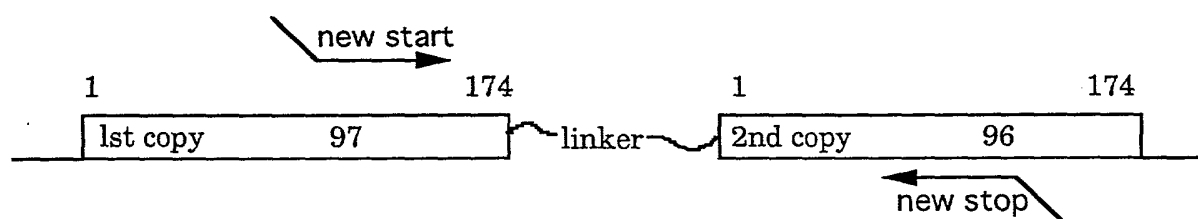


Figure 4.

1 G C C C C A C C A C G C C T C A T C T G T G A C A G C C G A G T C C T G G A G A G G T A C C T C T T G G A G G C C A A G 60
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 C G G G G T G G T G C G G A G T A G A C A C T G T C G G C T C A G G A C C T C T C C A T G G A G A A C C T C C G G T T C
 AlaProProArgLeuIleCysAspSerArgValLeuGluArgTyrLeuLeuGluAlaLys

 61 G A G G C C G A G A A T A T C A C G A C G G G C T G T G C T G A A C A C T G C A G C T T G A A T G A G A A T A T C A C T 120
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 C T C C G G C T C T T A T A G T G C T G C C C G A C A C G A C T T G T G A C G T C G A A C T T A C T C T T A T A G T G A
 GluAlaGluAsnIleThrThrGlyCysAlaGluHisCysSerLeuAsnGluAsnIleThr

 121 G T C C C A G A C A C C A A A G T T A A T T T C T A T G C C T G G A A G A G G A T G G A G G T C G G G C A G C A G G C C 180
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 C A G G G T C T G T G G T T T C A A T T A A A G A T A C G G A C C T T C T C C T A C C T C C A G C C C G T C G T C C G G
 ValProAspThrLysValAsnPheTyrAlaTrpLysArgMetGluValGlyGlnGlnAla

 181 G T A G A A G T C T G G C A G G G C C T G G C C C T G C T G T C G G A A G C T G T C C T G C G G G G C C A G G C C C T G 240
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 C A T C T T C A G A C C G T C C C G A C C G G G A C A C A G C C T T C G A C A G G A C G C C C C G G T C C G G G A C
 ValGluValTrpGlnGlyLeuAlaLeuLeuSerGluAlaValLeuArgGlyGlnAlaLeu

 241 T T G G T C A A C T C T T C C C A G C C G T G G G A G C C C C T G C A G C T G C A T G T G G A T A A A G C C G T C A G T 300
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 A A C C A G T T G A G A A G G T C G G C A C C C T C G G G A C G T C G A C G T A C A C C T A T T T C G G C A G T C A
 LeuValAsnSerSerGlnProTrpGluProLeuGlnLeuHisValAspLysAlaValSer

 301 G G C C T T C G C A G C C T C A C C A C T C T G C T T C G G G C T C T G G G A G C C C A G A A G G A A G C C A T C T C C 360
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 C C G G A A G C G T C G G A G T G G T G A G A C G A A G C C C G A G A C C C T C G G G T C T T C C T T C G G T A G A G G
 GlyLeuArgSerLeuThrThrLeuLeuArgAlaLeuGlyAlaGlnLysGluAlaIleSer

 361 C C T C C A G A T G C G G C C T C A G C T G C T C C A C T C C G A A C A A T C A C T G C T G A C A C T T T C C G C A A A 420
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 G G A G G T C T A C G C C G A G T C G A C G A G G T G A G G C T T G T T A G T G A C G A C T G T G A A G G C G T T T
 ProProAspAlaAlaSerAlaAlaProLeuArgThrIleThrAlaAspThrPheArgLys

 421 C T C T T C C G A G T C T A C T C C A A T T T C C T C C G G G G A A G C T G A A G C T G T A C A C A G G G G A G G C C 480
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 G A G A A G G C T C A G A T G A G G T T A A A G G A G G C C C C T T T C G A C T T C G A C A T G T G T C C C C T C C G G
 LeuPheArgValTyrSerAsnPheLeuArgGlyLysLeuLysLeuTyrThrGlyGluAla

 481 T G C A G G A C A G G G G A C A G A T G A 501
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 A C G T C C T G T C C C C T G T C T A C T
 CysArgThrGlyAspArg

Figure 5

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As the below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; that

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

NOVEL ERYTHROPOIETIN RECEPTOR AGONISTS

The specification of which, with any Preliminary Amendment, (check one)

☒ [X] is attached hereto

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a)

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)	Priority Claimed
(Number) (Country) (Day/month/year filed)	[]Yes [X]No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

60/034,044	October 25, 1996	Pending
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing date)	(Status)

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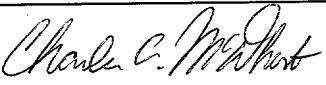
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ATTENTION: Dennis A. Bennett

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

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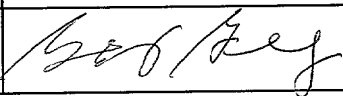
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